THE TIMES
Delivered at your house, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

What's Your Excuse
For putting up with second rate goods when you can get the best for the same money at the P.P.P.P. Purity and accuracy our motto. Always open.
C. E. JONES, 36 Govt. St

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1894. No. 160

RINGS.

RINGS

Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
Wedding Rings

RINGS

In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

Phoenix Fire Insurance Company
(OF LONDON ENGLAND.)
FOUNDED 1782. STOCKHOLDERS' LIABILITY UNLIMITED.

The above Company, which has been established in Victoria since 1864, is one of the oldest and wealthiest English Companies. Since its establishment it has paid more than £19,000,000 in discharg- of claims for losses by fire. The undersigned, as agents, have full power to write polices, and settle all lossses and claims without refere erence elsewhere.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
FIVE SISTERS BLOCK VICTORIA, B.C.

JUST

What you want, is just what we have. Ladies' Oxford Shoes, in Black or Tan Leather. These shoes are the proper thing for summer wear, and it's your loss if you don't see them.

A. B. ERSKINE, Cor. Gov't & Johnson Sts.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering
Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.
LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.
Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.
TEL. 540. W. G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

AUCTION SALE OF DRY GOODS

A Sale will be held in the SHOWRROOM of

THE WESTSIDE

ON

THURSDAY, the 5th Inst., AT 11 A.M.

Having disposed of the greater portion of the goods damaged by fire, to close out the remainder we will sell without reserve by auction on the above date at 11 o'clock, all the goods remaining on hand, comprising:

Jackets, Ulsters, Waterproofs,
Blouses, Corsets, Knit Wraps and Shawls,
Furs, Dust Cloaks, Wool Boas,
Collars and Cuffs,
Odd Lengths and Remnants of Dress Goods,
Sateens and Prints, Flanelletes, Ginghams,
Short Lengths of Linen Tabling,
Sheeting, White Cottons, &c.
Also Chairs, Tables, Carpets
And Sundries.

J. HUTCHESON.

N.B.—Showroom closed for the present and Store will be closed to-morrow (Wednesday).

CHOLERA MORBUS AND CHOLIC
ALWAYS PROMPTLY CURED BY
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A lady canvasser to sell dressmaking combination machine on commission. Apply Fitzpatrick & Best, 117 Fort St. je3-3t

TO RENT—Furnished house on Menzies street; with all modern conveniences, and large garden. Apply M. G. U., Times office. jy3-tf

WANTED—To buy an 8x10 or whole plate camera in good condition. Address "Mac," care of Mr. A. Wey, Box 375.

LOST—A child's gold chain and locket, initials V.E.H., on Sunday between Gorge church and Garbally road. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning to Mrs. Marion M. Humber, 32 Kings road.

LOST—A plain gold signet ring. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at this office. j3-1w

FOR SALE—Pipe organ (about 300 pipes) suitable for church or chapel; easy terms of purchase. Apply F.J.S., Times office.

Public Meeting

THE OPPOSITION CANDIDATES

Messrs. Beaven, Milne Dutton and Cameron

Will address the electors of Victoria at the Philharmonic Hall, Fort Street, on next FRIDAY EVENING, the 6th of July, 1894.

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

Victoria Political Organization.

A meeting of the Committee of Ward No. 5 will be held in the Adelphi Building THIS TUESDAY EVENING at 8:15. A full attendance is requested.

C. A. GREGG,
Secretary.

PUBLIC MEETING.

The electors of the City of Victoria Electoral District are requested to meet the Candidates in support of the present Government at Fairall's Hall, Esquimalt Road, on Tuesday, the 3rd July, inst, at 8 o'clock p.m.

Fourth of July At Port Angeles.

STEAMER ISLANDER

Will leave the outer wharf at 9 a.m. and the C. P. N. Co.'s wharf at 2 p.m., and again at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, July 4th, for Port Angeles.

Fare for Round Trip, 50c.

JNO. IRVING, MANAGER.

Excursion to Whatcom.

Steamer Mischief will leave Spratt's Wharf this evening at 8 o'clock for New Whatcom, for the

GRAND YACHT CELEBRATION

on Bellingham Bay on the 4th and 5th July. She will return on Thursday. Tickets for the Round Trip, $4.

PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS.

Notice is hereby given to all Poll Clerks appointed to take part in the Election for the Victoria City Electoral District, to meet at the Sheriff's office, Bastion street, at 11 o'clock sharp, to-morrow (Wednesday) morning, July 4th, to receive instructions as to their duties on the day of election.

J. E. McMILLAN,
Returning Officer.

Notice to Contractors, Builders, Etc.

Tenders will be received on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Thursday, the 12th of July next, for executing minor works, etc., at the naval establishments at Esquimalt.

Plans, specifications and conditions of contract may be seen at the office of the Assistant Civil Engineer in this yard.

Tenders to be endorsed "Works" and addressed to the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

F. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
Acting Storekeeper.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 30th June, 1894. jy3-1d

PROSPECT NOT BRIGHT

For a Settlement of the Great Railroadmen's Strike in the United States.

Governor's Called Upon to Protect Railway Companies From Strikers.

No mails have been received here for several days from California, Oregon or in fact any of the Western States with the exception of Washington. The action of the American Railway Union in refusing to allow members of the union to man trains to which are attached Pullman cars and of the companies in declining to send out trains without the Pullman cars has caused a complete tie-up, the extent of which has never before been reached. Cars upon cars of mail are piled up along the different roads without any prospects of their being moved. Letters received from San Francisco by the City of Puebla on Sunday state that the strike in California will be ruinous for many branches of trade. Hundreds of cars of small fruit are standing on the tracks rotting and merchants have given up hopes of moving them. The suburban trains running from the ferry to Oakland, Alameda and Berkley, where many 'Frisco business men reside are tied up, and many cannot go to business, while others cannot go home. On Friday there were twenty cars of mail for north, south and east tied up on Oakland mole. In fact the whole railroad system of California was completely tied up. The Southern Pacific Railway company had appealed to the national government for protection on the ground that the company being governed by a national law should be protected by the national government. The government had acceded to the request, and the United States marshals had made preparations to protect the company. The fruit brought north by the Puebla will probably be the last to come until the strike has ended, as there is no way of transporting it from the orchards to San Francisco, the shipping port.

There is the same trouble in Oregon. No trains are running between Portland and southern points nor between Portland and Tacoma. In Washington the only line being operated is the Great Northern. The other lines are either completely tied up or running in a very uncertain manner.

Chicago, Ill., July 3.—The Northwestern is completely tied up in Chicago, and as it was announced that all firemen would go out this morning the prospects for a change for the better are not bright. The engineers say they will not work with non-union firemen. At the stockyards to-day everything was quiet. No trains have arrived at the yards since yesterday. Not since the strike of 1876 has such a complete tie-up been in force. No attempt was made this morning to move the trains of dressed beef which Swift & Co. attempted to send out of the yards last evening.

Lansing, Mich., July 3.—The governor has been notified that the strikers at Battle Creek have full control of the Grand Trunk railway. No trains are passing. The governor ordered the military to assemble in the armories to be ready to proceed to Battle Creek. It is understood the Grand Trunk will make an effort to move trains east from Battle Creek this afternoon. Trouble is expected.

Blue Island, Ill., July 3.—U. S. Marshal Arnold said to-day he was waiting the pleasure of the railway company in regard to clearing the track again and moving trains and would order his forces to resist the strikers as far as possible. There is much dissatisfaction among the marshal's forces, however, which makes the strikers defiant. The situation is complicated farther by jealousy between the county and federal authorities, and a clash between them is more likely to-day than one between them and the mob.

The Rock Island does not intend to make another attempt to clear their track until the militia arrive.

MISS MELTON'S STORY.

Arrival of the Missionary—Details of the Attack Upon Her.

New York, July 3.—Miss Anna Melton, the young American missionary, who was the victim of an unprovoked and murderous attack by Hired thugs in the village of Dayee, in the Kordish mountains, last summer, and who barely escaped with her life, arrived in this city yesterday by the steamer Werra from Genoa, Italy. Upon her arrival Miss Melton made her way to the rooms of the Presbyterian board of foreign missions at 53 Fifth avenue, under whose auspices she went to the Mosul, West Persia, station, six years ago. The assult upon Miss Melton is considered one of the most serious crimes committed against an American citizen in many years, and from the time of its occurrence has been the subject of correspondence between the United States government and that of Turkey. Miss Melton is a tall, well built woman, who from her appearance is capable of taking care of herself under ordinary circumstances, as her recital of her encounter with her savage assailants will show.

This is the story of the midnight attack upon her in her own words:

"It was too warm to spend the summer in Mosul, so with Rev. E. W. McDowell we left last year to spend the heated term in the cooler regions of the mountains. We had been over the same country the year before and were hospitably received, and therefore we dreamed of no danger. Our destination was Amadia, formerly a fortress in the mountains, the town being situated on a solid rock. Upon our arrival we purchased a house for a summer residence, it being the purpose of Mr. McDowell and his family to remain there, while I should visit the villages in the vicinity. According to the schedule we had arranged, I started for the village of Daree, one of the settlements of the old Nestorian mountains, half an hour's journey away over a rough road. One of the Nestorians, a man of prominence in the place, accompanied me as my servant. The governor of Amadia offered us an escort of soldiers, but these individuals are of most disreputable character, and we declined their services. For the first few days everything was most pleasant and agreeable in my temporary home. It was harvest time, and the people were busy all day. In the mornings I had village children with me on the housetop, and in the evenings we held meetings in the same place. My tent was pitced on the roof of the house in which I was stopping. A girl servant slept just without the tent in this space, while the native pastor occupied the tent on the roof a few feet away, and the old man whose guest I was was also near by on a roof a little below the one on which I was. On the night of June 14, five days after my arrival in the village, I was awakened, and in the dim light I saw a form leaning over some of my luggage on the opposite side of my tent. I thought it was the servant girl, and called her by name. Then the form arose and I saw that it was the form of a man. The figure advanced towards me, carrying in his hands a heavy hickory club, with a hook at the end, which is one of the favorite weapons of the Koords. Before I had time to arouse myself the man advanced and struck at me with his club. His first blows missed their aim, for my bed was covered with a heavy framework of wood, over which hung a thick netting to keep out insects. I screamed at the top of my voice, and then I heard the sound of rapid firing outside and that of people running away. The man finally broke down the heavy framework of my screen, and when I made an effort to get up he struck me repeatedly over the head. Then he threw down his club and took one of the standards from my canopy, with which he struck me several times. I managed to wrest the stick from him. We struggled together until we had traversed the tent, when in some way he lost his balance and fell over. Blood was streaming from wounds on my head and body on which his blows had fallen, and when I was left alone I looked around me almost dazed to see if assistance was near. The women dressed my wounds, which did not prove serious, although painful. Nothing could be done until daylight, when a message was sent to Mr. McDowell at Amadia. Evidence was found to show that the soldiers of the government were the guilty parties, in addition to one or two councillors, one of whom sat as a magistrate at the first hearing. It took a long time to make any arrests, although the guilty parties were well known. Finally through the efforts of Mr. McDowell and the United States government eleven persons were arrested and tried. Of these eight were found guilty, but their cases were sent to the higher court of review at Bagdad, where they were in prison when I left the country."

Miss Melton had scarcely finished speaking when the Rev. Dr. Labarrex, secretary of the board, came in with a letter from the Rev. Mr. McDowell, which stated that the prisoners who had been held for assault upon Miss Melton had been released by the reviewing court at Bagdad. Mr. McDowell looked upon the result of the case as most disastrous to the cause of missions and to the safety of Americans in Turkey. He said that it made our government a laughing stock, as it could not protect its own. It is probable that President Cleveland will be communicated with at once upon the subject by the board.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Knights of Pythias.

Officers and members of the Far West Lodge, No. 1, K. of P. are notified to attend the funeral of our late Bro. Wm. Beyer on Thursday next, the 5th instant, at 2:30 p.m. from Castle Hall, Broad street. Sunset No. 10, Victoria No. 17 and visiting Knights cordially invited.

E. PFERDNER,
K. of R. & S.

jy3-1d

AUCTION

ON OAK BAY AVE., HOUSE & LOT 1 R TRAM LINE.
GOOD CHANCE FOR MECHANICS AND OTHERS.

THURSDAY, 5TH JULY, AT 11 A.M.

I have been instructed by Mr. Farquher, who is leaving the Province, to sell at my salesroom, Wharf street, Lot No. 8, Hulton street, (54x130), adjoining the Presbyterian church. There is a nice cottage, containing three rooms and kitchen (nard finished), wood shed and out houses, all well fenced. The land is a fine rich loam soil, and enough to keep a family in vegetables, etc. The house was not built contract work. The Oak Bay tram car runs to within 250 feet of the property. "Hulton street is opposite the "Elephant." Ask the conductor. $250 can remain on mortgage. Inspection invited. No reserve.

jy3 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

AUCTION

Furniture, Etc.,

THURSDAY, July 5th, at 11 a.m.

I will sell at my salerooms, Wharf street, the Personal Effects of Mrs. H. N. Mansell, deceased, consisting of

Rosewood centre and tea tables, M. T. sideboard, drawers, chairs, cellarette, ornaments, Wilson & Gibbs' hand sewing machine, inlaid rosewood liquor case, old china, writing case, a fine English clock, medicine case, books, valises, fancy hand baskets, carpets, stoves, etc., etc.; also bedroom sets, mattresses, tables, chairs, bureaus, book shelf, sofa, child's bedstead and mattress, feather bed, extension dining table, wardrobe, tall bureau, 6 drawers, writing desk table, carpets, warehouse truck, 2 bbl. salt salmon, new carpets, oilcloths, granite ware, etc., etc.

jy3 G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

If This Should Meet the Eye

Of any person requiring

Lumber

Call at the ROCK BAY LUMBER YARD for cash prices. You will save MONEY by doing so.

EWEN MORRISON, Proprietor.

THE MINERS' MEETING.

Thirty Days' Notice for the Restoration of Former Wages to be Given.

At a Well Attended Meeting the Miners Discuss the Question.

Nanaimo, July 2.—The mass meeting of miners under the employ of the New Vancouver Coal Company was opened at 11 o'clock yesterday morning when the last proposition of the company was brought before the men, viz., the 30 days notice.

T. Dawson, who presided, stated that unless those present conducted themselves in a proper manner he would at once leave the chair. He went on to say that the agreement with the company should be recognized until such time as that agreement is rescinded. The 20 per cent. asked by the company last August was conceded by the employees without any attempt to obtain the 30 days notice.

N. Milburn, secretary, on rising, hoped the chairman would refrain from occupying so much time. He then read a motion that 30 days notice be given to the company for the restoration of the reduction.

J. McCuish claimed that the men were in duty bound to live up to the agreement with the company.

R. Jarvis stated they had repeatedly been charged with being too hasty, and he hoped that charge would not be laid to their action to-day. If there was such an agreement it was only right to stand by it and as far as he could see they were in honor bound to do it.

J. Lago said the meeting had merely accepted the proposition and when that was communicated to Mr. Robins, he reached for his agreement containing the 30 days' notice and therefore he was as much to blame as anyone else.

T. Keith rectified Lago in the last statement. He went on to say that Mr. Robins did not say he would give back the ten per cent, he only stated what he would have to do if it was brought about. In speaking of the notice he stated the terms of the agreement should be fully carried out. In the face of such an agreement it was impossible to break it at a moment's notice. If the union could not stand by its work it was a useless organization. This question interested the men employed in No. 1 and No. 5 as much as it does the men of Northfield. You have been told by the Northfield men that they came here last Friday to demand more equable wages or close the mines down. Now if we are union men I ask if Northfield men have any right to come to such a determination without the sanction of the organization. The Northfield men had come here purposely to make trouble and he made that statement without fear of contradiction. Cries of order were shouted from all parts of the ground. He wanted to see a true feeling of unionism prevail at the meeting to-day.

J. Horrobin had come here to demand equalization of work and wages and not to create trouble as stated by Mr. Keith. We want the same as the town men and that is what we are present for.

R. Booth said, as one of the committee, his task had been an arduous one, and he said that if they had not had the present agreement with the company there would not be a single man working in the mines to-day. The committee have had to fight hard to live up to the contents of that agreement and they alone knew how difficult their task has been. He therefore favored the motion that the agreement be lived up to. He would like to be in a position to say to the company "you must sell your coal at such a price that you can afford to pay us living wages," but, unfortunately they were not in a position to be able to do so. He asked what would be the result of a strike here. There were dozens of business men in the city to-day who were on the verge of bankruptcy and unless they acted carefully it would probably be the ruin to many homes in the city.

Matt Fletcher moved that the representative of the Free Press be excluded from the meeting. The motion was voted down.

N. McCuish said the reputation of the union was at stake and they ought to live up to their agreement as men.

M. Flynn complained that Mr. Robins had not treated the men as he promised to do and it was questionable whether it was any use making terms with him.

Tully Boyce said when the question of 10 per cent was first thought of he was in favor of first dealing with the question of more employment for the Northfield men and he had refused to vote those men out of work while they were unable to help them. He thought they were perfectly justified in demanding equalization of work and he was of opinion that this question should be first dealt with and let the ten per cent. go until after this has been done. In speaking of the agreement he said the minute that was broken the organization would terminate. He showed the men the course they ought to pursue and gave them some manly advice to which the meeting listened to with wrapt attention. In answer to a question as to whether it was not possible to get back the reduction as well as equalization of work, Mr. Boyce said: "Are you prepared to compel the company to work Northfield mine? If you are I am with you, but if you are not prepared to do this then I say give your 30 days' notice.

On a ballot being taken the motion carried. The committee then waited on Mr. Robins and notified him to that effect.

—William Jones, B. J. Perry and Jas. Stroud were before Magistrate Macrae this morning, having been summoned on a charge of vagrancy. P. S. Lampman asked for a continuance of the case of Perry, Mr. Powell, who had been retained in the case, could not be present. That case as well as the other two was then put off until Friday. It is claimed by some of the parties who have been called up since the crusade began that all who are entitled to it are not being handed their papers.

CARNOT'S FUNERAL.

Ostentatious Obsequies More Like a State Festival Than a Funeral.

Ceremonies at Cathedral of Notre Dame—The Body Placed in Pantheon.

Paris, July 1.—At an early hour in the morning delegations began marching to the Elysee palace to attend the funeral, bearing wreaths and other emblems of mourning. The streets leading to the palace were cordoned with police at 7 o'clock in the morning, and those who held tickets of invitation entered through the door of honor, opening in the courtyard, the walls of which were completely covered with black hangings bordered with white, together with tricolors and medallions bearing the letters "R. F." Over the immense catafalque which stood in the centre of the courtyard was spread a black band with two large white letters "C." and a black canopy trimmed with silver and with a silvered summit covered the coffin. The catafalque was surrounded with burial palms and flowers and the countless wreaths which had been contributed by friends and members of the family. A number of candelabra were placed around the head of the coffin, on the right of which were the wreaths sent by President Casimir-Perier, the Czar of Russia, the King of Portugal, the King of Spain, the King of the Belgians, the King of Roumania, the Bey of Tunis and the Grand Duke of Luxembourg. On the left of the coffin were the wreaths sent by the Queen of Great Britain, the Queen of the Netherlands, the Queen of Portugal, the King of Italy, the Emperor of Germany, the King of Norway and Sweden, the King of Servia, the Duke of Madrid (Don Carlos) and the President of the Republic of Venezuela. The catafalque, which blocked the entrance to the palace, was guarded by soldiers, and four nuns were kneeling behind it. The passage on either side led to the grand staircase. The delegates arriving passed silently along these passages after saluting the coffin and found places in the rooms above. The rooms to the right and left of the catafalque were respectfully reserved for the ministry of the state and the foreign diplomats, and the representatives of the army and navy and the courts were also provided with places in separate rooms draped in a manner similar to the courtyard. Other prominent persons and bodies found positions in the ball room, the conservatory and elsewhere. The statuary, chandeliers, etc., in all the rooms were covered with crape. Although nine o'clock was the time appointed for the beginning of the funeral exercises and the moving of the procession, the delegates were still arriving at ten o'clock, completely filling the tree-lined gardens surrounding the pond and the bird house at the lower end.

The scene in the gardens was a most brilliant one. Men in gay colored uniforms, their breasts glittering with decorations, mingled with civilians in sombre evening dress, attendants and judges in black and crimson gowns. There was scarcely a person present who was not in uniform or evening dress. The presence of a number of cars laden with wreaths, waiting their turn to join the procession, heightened the festival character of the scene, and it was easy to imagine that the gathering was for the purpose of holding a state festivity. The roar of the surging city and the beating of the drums of the arriving military were faintly heard in the peaceful gardens. On the west side of the gardens, skirting the avenue de Marigny, the procession was soon forming; spectators were crowding the roofs, windows, walls and pavements, and hundreds of people climbed into the trees in the streets unmolested by the police, who were noticeably few in number. The crowds were remarkably orderly. Wine and water vendors did a good business in consequence of the intense heat. In the courtyard the cure of La Madeleine church said the customary prayers, and sprinkled the coffin with holy water. As the bearers lifted the coffin to their shoulders, the first gun boomed on the Esplanade des Invalides, and continued at intervals of two minutes until 101 were fired.

From the Rue Saint Honore exit down the Avenue de Marigny and through the Champs Elysee the procession entered the Place de la Concorde, headed by General Saussier, military governor of Paris, who was escorted by the Republican guards. Ten cars piled full of wreaths followed. The first contained the wreaths sent by members of the senate, composed of orchids and asters with a mauve background. In the second car were the wreaths of the Chamber of Deputies, consisting of superb roses, orchids and lilies. These cars were followed by those containing the contributions of the provincial authorities and foreign representatives, then came a band with muffled drums and the wreaths contributed by the royalties, all of which were carried on trestles by cadets from the St. Cyr military school and preceded by the wreaths sent by President Casimir-Perier. Next in order were the coaches containing the clergy, which were immediately in front of the hearse. The hearse was flanked by a guard of honor composed of cadets from the Ecole Polytechnique and was drawn by six splendidly caparisoned horses.

The coffin was hidden beneath the folds of a silk tricolored flag. M. Carnot's servants in livery came next with the dead president's family, his three sons walking in the first line, and his brother, Adolphe Carnot, and his cousins and sons-in-law behind. Madame Carnot was not present being completely prostrated by the excitement of the past week. Behind the family of M. Carnot came President Perier in full evening dress, with a broad crape band upon his hat and the grand cordon of the Legion of Honor across his breast. Following the president were his secretaries. Behind these were the presidents of the senate and chamber, ambassadors and ministers, cardinals, marshals, diplomatic envoys, secretaries and attaches, senators, deputies and personal friends, conspicuous members of the Legion of Honor, members of the institute of France, representatives of the law courts, the department of public instruction and the national financial institutions, clergymen of all creeds, prefects of the Seine, the Paris municipal council, municipal councils from the provinces, deputations from the army, navy and college of France, representatives of the French and foreign stock exchanges, auctioneers, brokers and so on. The senators and deputies were in evening dress and wore tricolored sashes. The judges were in flowing robes, according to their grades, ermined or of plain black watered silk, and the faculties of the schools of law and letters wore yellow or purple, and the academicians green embroidered coats and trousers and carried swords. A detachment of veterans from the Hotel des Invalides, carrying a trestle upon which was an immense wreath, were loudly applauded as they passed.

The procession arrived at the Cathedral of Notre Dame at 12.30. Only the tone of the sonorous bell was heard as the column disappeared slowly within the massive doors. The nave and aisles of the cathedral had been draped heavily in black fringed with silver. The walls were sprinkled thickly with shields bearing the letters, "R. F." (Republic of France) and "C." (Carnot).

As the procession moved up the aisle the tolling of the bells was gradually lost to hearing amidst the pealing of the organ under Saint Saens' masterly touch. While the strains of the funeral march were filling every corner of the great building the line of mourners walked slowly by the crape-covered pulpit. There M. Casimir-Perier, as chief of state, had an isloated seat. On the left was the choir, and behind sat the delegates in processional order. Monsignor Ferrata, the papal nuncio and personal representative of his holiness, together with the papal secretaries, attracted the most attention from the gallery, for they appeared in all the glory of their vestments of office. The coffin was placed in the catafalque surrounded by a forest of candles, and near by were the great men of the papal hierarchy, Cardinal Langmieux, Archbishop of the Seine, Cardinal Richards, the Archbishop of Paris, and the archbishop and bishops from Lyons, Sens and Beauvais. Beside them were the Parisian rectors, canons, curates and the Armenian patriarchs. They appeared in all the pomp of their church vestments. As they advanced to the catafalque they recited prayers. Opposite President Perier's seat they all bowed, and he responded with a deep inclination of the head. The priests gathered round the catafalque. The liturgical prayers followed, the president standing with his head reverently bowed. Dean de l'Escalle celebrated low mass at the high altar. Meantime Saint Saens brought forth wonderful tones from the organ and the choir sang Gounod's "Mors et Vita," "Dies Irae," and parts of "Pie Jesu" from the organist's requiem mass.

At the moment of the elevation of the host the master of ceremonies approached Casimir-Perier and bowed profoundly to intimate that he might stand, and the president did so. When the bell sounded the invitation to meditation the priest bowed low, and as the heads of the mourners, the diplomats, the generals and the judges sank forward the scene illustrated impressively the nation's grief. The light came but dimly through the stained windows. The shadows of the heavy black hangings rested upon the whole assemblage, deadening the brilliancy of uniforms and of robes of office. After a short sermon the Archbishop of Paris extended his hands and gave absolution. The bearers took the coffin and bore it down the aisle; the clergy with lighted tapers in their hands accompanied it to the door. All the bells in the city were tolling as the procession [illegible] passed on to the Pantheon. It was a quarter to three o'clock when General Saussier and his staff at the head of the column approached the building. The throng was enormous, but impressively quiet. There were occasional shouts for Casimir-Perier, but the president silenced them with a deprecatory wave of the hand. Within the Pantheon a huge black canopy depended from the ceiling to the floor, and under this the dead president was placed. The draping was the same as at the funeral of Victor Hugo.

After orations by M. Challemel Lacour, M. Demahy, Premier Dupuy and General Andre, the coffin was taken to the porch, where it was placed between urns of incense. All the troops of the garrison and the suburbs then marched past. The members of the Carnot family, President Perier, the representatives of the foreign powers, and the delegates of the judiciary and the departments, and hundreds of others, stood on the steps while the military filed by. At 5 o'clock the march past was over and the representatives of the government left. The numerouse delegations began bringing their wreaths in a few minutes later, but not until 7 o'clock were the last of the flowers laid on the porch. The coffin was [illegible] between the bodies of Rousseau and Victor Hugo. It stands on a structure resembling an altar draped in black. Later it will be placed in the vault beside General Lazare Carnot, the organizer of victory. The crowds melted away quietly in the early evening. They found the military still lined up in the streets through which the procession had passed. Wherever one turned he might see uniforms of the regular army bearing silent testimony to the fact that even in paying its last tribute to the dead president the government had not forgotten the presence of the revolutionists.

To Nursing Mothers!

A leading Ottawa Doctor writes:
"During Lactation, when the strength of the mother is deficient, or the secretion of milk scanty,
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT
gives most gratifying results." It also improves the quality of the milk.

It is largely prescribed
To Assist Digestion,
To Improve the Appetite,
To Act as a Food for Consumptives,
In Nervous Exhaustion, and as a Valuable Tonic.

PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE

THE NAME ITSELF

Is a guarantee of excellency of quality. For nearly half a century our aim has been to make and keep as a standard

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES

EDITORS DISCUSSING

Questions That Any Lawyer or Farmer Knows All About.

Asbury Park, N. J., July 3.—For hours to-day the delegates to the Tenth National Editorial Convention enjoyed a spread of wisdom and philosophy, and which was furnished by the delegates themselves. The first hour was given up to editorials, how and where they should be written, how much space they should occupy, and what they should be about. Then there was a general debate, in which the delegates exchanged views as to whether newspapers should print puffs of itself, whether personals pay, personal journalism and what should be done with blackguards, whether or not an editor should hold office, whether or not a country weekly should print anything besides local news, whether theatrical advertising should be paid for in cash or in free tickets and whether big special editions paid. In the discussion on each question many original views were advanced.

TOO STRICT DISCIPLINE.

The Crew of the New York Complain of Severe Punishment.

New York, June 30.—The cruiser New York, which is lying at anchor off Staten Island, is said to have lost six of her crew since her arrival. Trouble is said to have been caused by a too strict executive officer, who instead of applying mild punishment for slight breaches of discipline court martialled the offenders. This involved, on conviction, the docking of from one to three months' pay of the men. Lieutenant Heald is the officer of whom Jack complains. They say his ideas of discipline are drawn too taught.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

RUPTURE
More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 37 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill book free.
CHARLES CLUTHE, 191 King St. W., Toronto.

ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES.
They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood or Torpid liver.
25 CENTS A BOX.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

WEAKNESS OF MEN
Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.
by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.
ERIE MEDICAL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

Ladies,
Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 2 cents.
LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.
For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria.

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IN THE WEEKLY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

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SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
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Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. s13-tf

SAVE Money! Time! Labor!
—BY USING—
THE H. & K.
Self Cleansing Plate Polishing Cloth
NO PLATE POWDER NECESSARY.
The cloths are chemically prepared and will not injure the finest ware.
Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.
The cloths will last for months and retain their polishing properties to the end. The best thing ever introduced for polishing silver and plated ware.
Price 25 cents per cloth, or three cloths for 50 cents.
For sale at—
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VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C
The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.
THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.
Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.
7.00 a.m Lv...SPOKANE...Ar. 5.30 p.m.
Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:20 p.m. same days.

The Dead Advertise Not.

Great Northern Railway

Grand Excursion
—TO—
SPOKANE

On account of the Christian Endeavor State Convention to be held at Spokane July 3rd to 5th, 1894, the Great Northern Railway will make the rate of one fare for the round trip.

Fare only $19.30, Victoria to Spokane and return.

Tickets on sale July 2nd. Good to return July 5th.

The Great Northern is the official route for Washington delegation. Delegates and their friends will leave Seattle on the night of July 2nd, at 10:30 by special train, and a pleasant time is assured every one.

Train leaves Victoria at 9 o'clock a.m. July 2nd.

For tickets, berths and reservations and all information call or write

C. H. HATTRAY,
General Agent G. N. Ry.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Via Revelstoke
TO
Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL
Kootenay Points.

For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria.
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry G. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
—RUNS—
Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,
TO
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS
To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route.				TONNAGE 1117
	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				
8 30 pm	Lv	81	...*Victoria...	110 Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72 Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	161 Lv	8 50 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.
S. E. BLACKWOOD
President and Managing Owner, Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass Agent. 121 First Washington, Portland, Or.

HONOLULU, BY O. & O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!
The Oceanic Steamship Company
Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, July 7th, 1894, at 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 136 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Monowai..Thursday, July 26th, at 2 p.m.
or immediately on arrival of the English mail
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying His Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 2 P.M.
City of Puebla - - July 7
E. P. BITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23,
Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 5.00 a.m. on Thursday October 11th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 2 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 1 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
Miles from Wellington.				Miles from Victoria.		
	Ar.	Ar.			Lv.	Lv.
0	5 00 PM	10 00 AM	VICTORIA	47	8 00 AM	3 00 PM
3	5 14	10 14	BURNSIDE	44	7 46	2 46
4	5 18	10 18	COLWOOD	43	7 42	2 42
5	5 22	10 22	GORGE	42	7 38	2 38
6	5 26	10 26	SUTHERLAND	41	7 34	2 34
7	5 30	10 30	HILLSIDE	40	7 30	2 30
8	5 34	10 34	QUADRA ST.	39	7 26	2 26
9	5 38	10 38	CORDOVA BAY	38	7 22	2 22
11	5 44	10 44	SHADY CREEK	36	7 16	2 16
13	5 50	10 50	DEAN	34	7 10	2 10
15	5 56	10 56	MCKENZIE	32	7 04	2 04
17	6 02	11 02	BRENTWOOD	30	6 58	1 58
19	6 08	11 08	KEATING	28	6 52	1 52
22	6 17	11 17	CODFORD	25	6 43	1 43
25	6 26	11 26	GLENANNIE	22	6 34	1 34
28	6 35	11 35	HILLBANK	19	6 25	1 25
30	6 41	11 41	CHEMAINUS	17	6 19	1 19
36	6 59	11 59	WESTWOOD	11	6 01	1 01
38	7 05	12 05	NANAIMO	9	5 55	12 55
	Lv. PM	Lv. AM			Ar. PM	Ar. AM

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
R. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pgt. and Pass. Agent. Tacoma, Wash.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursday at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
Fare to Vancouver and Excursions.
For freight or stateroom apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. s18

TWO MEMBERS' POSITIONS.

Violations of the Independence of Parliament Act Disclosed at Ottawa.

Mr. Corby at Once Resigned, But Mr. Turcotte Hangs on to His Seat.

Ottawa, June 23.—There was a rather dramatic scene enacted in the house of commons yesterday afternoon. It was one of the acts, seldom witnessed in parliamentary life, in which both sides of the house applauded the hero of the occasion. Indeed, it was an act performed in a way and in a place which others might have well imitated.

Harry Corby, M. P., who represents West Hastings, is one of the Conservative whips. He is a distiller at Belleville. As a distiller he was in the habit, as well as other distillers, of selling to the manufacturers of methyated spirits a raw, non-potable product of his distillery, which was used in making methylated spirits by adding to it a certain percentage of wood naphtha. About five years ago the government decided to take over the manufacture of methylated spirits. This was done with a view to insuring purity and to prevent the possibility of fraud in manufacture. The government was therefore the only possible purchaser of his non-potable product, or refuse, from the distillers. Mr. Corby, like the other distillers, sold this coarse class of spirits to the government. In fact, the government was in the habit of taking so much from all the distillers. The share which fell to Mr. Corby for 1892-3 amounted to $4,552. He had been selling to the government for four years, but no one was aware of the fact until Thursday evening last.

It was discovered in this way: The house was on the excise estimates. In passing an item for methylated spirits, Mr. Edgar turned to the auditor-general's return and said that among the names of those who sold methylated spirits was that of Mr. Harry Corby. Controller Wood was asked who this Harry Corby was, and replied that he knew no other Harry Corby who was a distiller but the member for West Hastings. If that is the case, said Mr. Edgar, it would be a rather serious matter, because it would be a direct violation of the independence of parliament act.

In this way the item was passed and nothing more was said of it. Mr. Corby was in Montreal seeing Dr. Reddick. He noticed in the press the next morning what had been said in parliament. For the first time it became clear to him that the transaction was such as to deprive him of his seat. He at once rushed to Ottawa, and when the house opened on Friday he did not even wait until the formal business was transacted, but immediately after prayers were read he rose in his place and made an explanation of the case, such as I have given above, and having done so left the chamber, handing Mr. Speaker his resignation on the way going out.

Both sides of the house cheered him. It was apparent on the face of the transaction that there was no collusion between himself and the government. But the case was a clear one, and everybody cast aside their political feelings for the occasion and applauded a manly act.

Mr. McCarthy said that the government ought to bring in a bill exempting Mr. Corby from any penalties. There is a penalty of $200 per day which can be recovered from any member who has sat in the house in violation of the act. Mr. Laurier replied that the opposition would facilitate the passage of such a bill, for he knew that Mr. Corby was not aware that he had done any thing wrong until it was pointed out to him. So this ended the dramatic little scene.

Mr. A. J. Turcotte, M. P. for Montmorency, whose seat is being attacked by the privileges and elections committee, was a witness of the incident. I cannot say how he felt, but I knew that he ought to have felt rather mean. Whatever may be done in regard to his case, he is certainly not competent to sit in the house. The difference between him and Mr. Corby is this: The latter was unaware that he was doing wrong, while the former knew that he was violating the spirit of the act, but thought he had made such provision as would guard against his being exposed.

Mr. Turcotte and Mr. Provost were in partnership as grocers and provision merchants. They had the contract for supplying the garrison at Quebec, etc., with supplies. When Mr. Turcotte was elected to parliament Mr. Provost got the contract. Rather the contract was put into the name of Provost. The firm supplied the goods the same as usual. Early in 1893 Mr. Provost retired from the business. The arrangement he made with Mr. Turcotte was that he was to get $300 per year out of the business and $100 as long as the militia contract would last. Well, in 1893 Provost was advised that the contract was to be continued in his name. He did not tender at all. The contract was made out by Mr. Turcotte and signed for Mr. Provost by Mr. Turcotte's bookkeeper, who had the power of attorney to do so from Mr. Provost. The bookkeeper's name is Larose, and he is a relative of Mr. Provost. So that during the whole of last year and also of 1894 Mr. Turcotte continued to supply the contract, although Mr. Provost had nothing to do with the contract beyond getting $100 out of the contract and $300 on the business. The cheques for the goods were sent by the department, not to Provost, whose name was on the contract, but to Mr. Turcotte. The latter got the cheques signed by Provost, in whose name they were made out, or by Larose, who had the power to use Provost's name. They were then endorsed by Mr. Turcotte, M. P., for the firm of Turcotte & Co., a business which was carried on by himself. This was the sworn evidence of Mr. Provost, an unwilling witness, who had to be arrested and brought to the bar of the house before he would attend the meetings of the committee and give his evidence.

There never was a clearer case of violation of the independence of parliament act, but still Mr. Turcotte hangs on, and the party comes to his aid by throwing all kinds of obstacles in the way of finally disposing of the case. Members of parliament and others cannot help comparing Mr. Corby's action with that of Mr. Turcotte.

The examination into the Curran bridge scandal is still going on, and further evidence is being added to show that a huge job has been perpetrated on the country. Enough, however, has been obtained to satisfy any one that it seems utterly impossible for the present administration to carry on a public work without an extraordinary waste of public money. Just as long as the public works of the country are being thrown over to political heelers to superintend or carry out there need be no improvement expected. SLABTOWN.

A MONTREAL WONDER.

Freddie was Puny and Weak Last Year.

This Summer He is Fat, Plump and Strong.

LACTATED FOOD HIS DAILY DIET.

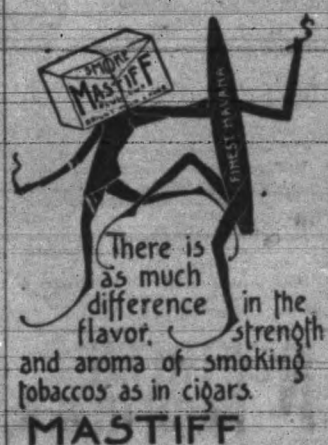
A mother residing in the west end of the city of Montreal, says:—

"In July of 1893, baby Freddie was 5 months old, and his state of health caused us great anxiety and thought. He was a very weak and helpless infant; he cried a great deal and slept badly. Our family doctor could not do much for him for a time. One day, seeing my grief, the doctor asked me to give Lactated Food a trial, as my nursing did not agree with him. This trial of Lactated Food was the turning point in his infant life. My dear baby seemed to revive and gain strength in a few days, and shortly after was out of all danger.

"From that time until now he has been fed on your wonderful Lactated Food, and you are quite at liberty to mention the fact that your food saved Freddie's life. I recommend Lactated Food at every opportunity, and tell mothers what it did for my child."

American News.

Huntisville, O., July 3.—The supreme court of Alabama convened here yesterday to try the impeachment case against Judge John B. Talley, judge of the ninth judicial district. He is charged with being implicated in the killing of Banker R. C. Ross, of Scottsboro, on February 4th. Ross was fleeing in a private conveyance from the four Skelton boys, who were in pursuit, on horseback, armed. Talley is their brother-in-law. It is charged that they sent a telegram to the operator at Stevenson not to let Ross escape. Talley denies all the charges.



MASTIFF PLUG CUT ranks with the finest Havana cigars in comparison.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

NO. 232.

A BY-LAW

Rates and Taxes By-Law, 1894.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected an equal rate of fifteen mills on the dollar upon all land upon the assessment roll for the year 1894 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at its assessed value thereon.

2. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected an equal rate of fifteen mills on the dollar upon all improvements upon the assessment roll for the year 1894 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria at their assessed value thereon.

3. The aforesaid rates and taxes shall be due and payable to the Collector of the said Corporation, at his office, at the City Hall, Victoria, on the thirtieth day of [illegible] and all persons who shall then pay the aforesaid rates or taxes on or before the thirty-first day of October, A.D. 1894, shall be entitled to a discount or reduction of one-sixth of the amount thereof.

4. The terms "land" and "improvements," as used in this by-law, shall have the meaning set forth in section two of the "Municipal Act, 1892," as amended in the "Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1893."

5. Any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be or which are inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, but not otherwise, so as that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law.

6. This by-law may be cited as the "Tax By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 25th day of June, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council this 29th day of June, 1894.

(L. S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 29th day of June, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of British Columbia within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

No. 231.

BY-LAW

Sewerage Commissioners' Appointment and Sewerage Assessment By-Law.

Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria has by resolution passed on the 22nd day of January, 1894, deemed it advisable to extend the system of sewerage adopted by the said Council in 1890 in order to completely sewer the portion of the City of Victoria in the area bounded by the following streets: Douglas street from Herald street to Humboldt street, Humboldt street, and Wharf from Douglas street to Johnson street, Store street from Johnson to Herald street, Herald street from Store street to Douglas street.

And whereas a by-law to raise the sum of $100,000 for sewerage purposes upon the credit of the municipality of the corporation of the said city, cited as the Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894, received the assent of the electors of the said municipality on the 15th day of May last past:

And whereas under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon the said Council by the Municipal Act, 1892, the Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1893, and the Municipal Act Amendment Act, 1894, the said council may, subject to the provisions contained in the said Acts, pass by-laws for the appointment by the said Council, by resolution, of a Commission or Commissioners (not exceeding three in number in all) to manage and superintent the construction of sewerage work, and to define his or their duties, and fix his or their salaries or other remuneration as the Council may by by-law decide;

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. The said Council may appoint by resolution one or more person or persons (not, however, exceeding three in all) to be Commissioner or Commissioners to manage and superintend the construction of sewerage work in the area above described, and in any block or blocks of land adjoining the said area if the Council decide to carry on sewerage work therein.

COMMISSIONERS' DUTIES.

2. The duty of the said Commissioner or Commissioners shall be—

(a.) To carry out the said sewerage work as funds may from time to time be placed at their disposal, and to see that all contracts entered into by the corporation in connection therewith be properly carried out, and to do all other things necessary to facilitate the successful operation of the said work.

(b.) To appoint and fix the salary of and remove any Inspector or any other person (other than permanent officers of the Corporation) in the employment of the Corporation in connection with the said sewerage work, and to appoint other persons in their places if deemed necessary: Provided always that the Commissioner or Commissioners shall not have the power to appoint any such person for a longer period than their own term of office, and any such person can be dismissed by the Commissioner or Commissioners, or by the Council, and all such appointments shall be made subject to the provisions of this subsection.

(c.) To examine all accounts and claims in respect of the said sewerage work, and to certify the same, to sign all checks drawn in respect of the said accounts and claims, the said checks to be countersigned by the Mayor for the time being of the said city before payment.

(d.) In the event of the three Commissioners being appointed and one of them being absent from the province at any time, checks may be signed by the two Commissioners and countersigned by the Mayor.

(e.) To see that all moneys voted for carrying on said sewerage work be not expended otherwise than for that purpose and in accordance with any contract therefor when such exists.

(f.) To settle all disputes which may from time to time arise between the City Engineer, Inspector or Inspectors, or others, and any contractor or contractors for any work in connection with the said sewerage, and the decision of the Commissioner or Commissioners shall be final.

3. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall have the power to reject any or all work done or performed, or material furnished or used, and materials proposed to be used in any such work, that in their opinion is not in accordance with the plans and specifications of any contract or any of them.

4. The Commissioner or Commissioners shall be appointed by the Council once in each year, and in case of incompetence or neglect of duty which is in the opinion of the Council of such a character as to render the person unfit to further hold the office of Sewerage Commissioner, the Council may by resolution remove him from office and declare his position vacant and appoint another person in his place, who shall hold office for the remainder of the term of his predecessor.

5. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall meet at least once in each month, and at any other time at the call of the Mayor or the secretary upon reasonable notice.

6. The City Clerk, or his assistant, shall act as secretary at all meetings of said Commissioners.

7. The secretary shall call a meeting of the Commissioners whenever requested to do so by a Commissioner or the Commissioners, or the Engineer in charge of the works.

8. The remuneration of the said Commissioners shall be:

(a) For each and every meeting duly convened, $10.

9. The Commissioner or the Commissioners shall report monthly, or as often as the Council my desire, their proceedings to the Council.

SPECIAL RATES.

10. Upon and after the completion of the sewerage work the Council shall pass a by-law—

(1.) To assess, levy, and collect a special rate or tax per foot frontage upon the lots (except corner lots, which shall be only assessed at one-half said rate) on each side of the street or lands on each of the main or common sewers in which or through which the said mains or common sewers shall have been laid down and sunk.

(2.) To settle and determine the amount the owners of land or real property shall pay—

(a.) For the construction of branch sewers to the line of the street to connect any land or real property with any main or common sewer laid in or under the street upon which the land or real propetty fronts; and

(b.) For connecting any or all buildings on such land or real property with a branch sewer, and for making all necessary house or building connections therewith, and for laying a sewer pipe across a vacant space from the line of the street to the building and under such building if requisite; and

(c.) To assess, levy, and collect the said amounts so settled or determined as a special rate or tax, in addition to all other rates upon the land or the real property so connected.

11. The by-law referred to in the last preceding section shall also provide that the amounts so levied and collected, as in the last preceding section mentioned, shall every and all be funded and applied from time to time in the payment of the sinking fund and interest of the principal sum obtained from the issuance of debentures under the "Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894."

12. The by-law shall further provide that the balance, if any, of the said principal sum remaining unexpended after the completion of the said sewerage work shall be applied, until exhausted, in further extending in like manner the the said system of sewerage in respect to the block or blocks of land adjacent to those comprised in the aforesaid area.

13. The said Commissioner or Commissioners shall manage or superintend any such sewerage work in the said block or blocks of land, and the provisions herein set forth respecting his or their powers and duties in regard to the management and superintendence of sewerage work in the area aforesaid shall apply to work of further sewerage extension.

14. This by-law may be cited as "The Sewerage Commissioners Appointment and Sewerage Assessment By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 19th day of June, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 25th day of June, 1894.

(L. S.) JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setring, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof, and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

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The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen:—The general election now being near at hand, and being a candidate for re-election, I wish to place my views on some of the questions commanding your attention, as well as to intimate the line of action which I shall take and the measures which I shall, if opportunity permits, support and maintain.

The party now in power have practically held office for over eleven years. Their policy has been an indefinite one on many of the questions requiring consideration. At the last general election the Opposition advocated reform in the land laws of the province, and have been able to make some important changes.

The privilege of allowing speculators and non-residents to take up large tracts of land has been taken away and the lands are now available for actual settlers.

By the efforts of the Opposition the assessment of the wild land has been much increased; the ad valorem principle of assessment according to the land value, is now the law.

There are two essential matters yet to be carried out in connection with the encouraging of agricultural settlers. First, the surveying of available lands for such a purpose and giving the necessary information by the Lands and Works Department; second, the making of roads to such settlements, so that the farmer may be able to bring his produce to market—such a policy as this must be adopted in order to develop and encourage the farming industry of our province. By so doing we shall add much to our wealth and prosperity.

The railway policy of the Government has not been a business-like one. From the time of the grant given to the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway down to the Nakusp & Slocan deal, the interests of the province and the welfare of the people have not been well guarded. On the one hand a corporation receives a large subsidy and an immense tract of land, free from taxation for ever; on the other, a private company is subsidized by guaranteeing the bonds to the full cost of the road as well as interest on the same for twaty-five years. One cannot but come to the conclusion that a Government policy of such character is likely to bring the credit of the province into disrepute.

Monopolies of any kind are to be deplored, but monopolies backed by Government aid and support are often the most difficult to overcome. Government aid to such an extent as has been given in the instances referred to, precludes other roads from being assisted or built. As an instance of this we recognize the difficulty the British Pacific Railway will have in dealing with the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway and its existing rights. Thus by the action of the present Government in the past it looks as if the province were at the mercy of irresponsible monopolists who are despoiling the people of their heritage.

I am opposed to the executive using the money in their hands for appropriations of money by special warrant for roads, streets, bridges, and public works, without first submitting such to the legislature. Such a course of action leads to favoritism and corruption and is not in accord with the principles of constitutional government.

I have advocated, and will continue to do so, the reduction of taxation on improvements and the abolition of taxes on mortgages. The latter impost presses doubly hard upon the borrower, and the repeal of this law would be in the interest and for the advancement of the province.

The practice followed on the eve of a general election of promising aid to public works and institutions by members of the executive should be condemned, as it is attempting to bribe the electors with their own money. The independent electors should answer this by sending men to the Legislature who will do their utmost to remove such ministers from power.

During the past four years legislation has been brought about, chiefly by the Opposition, in reforming the School Law. The residents of the cities have now greater power over the management of their schools, and more is yet desired in this particular. I shall use my best endeavors to bring this about, so that our schools may be free of all political influences.

I have also advocated further restriction on Chinese immigration and the employment of Chinese by any company seeking charters or grants from the Legislature. I have advocated and still maintain that a clause should be inserted in all bills giving such privileges or aid to prevent the employment of this class of labor.

I also have advocated the necessity of employing residents of the province instead of non-residents or foreigners in the prosecution of all works or contracts let by the government.

It is impossible in an address of this kind to touch on all questions affecting the province. I hope, however, before long to have the opportunity of addressing the electors in public meeting, at which time I will refer to matters more extensively.

Hoping that my past record as a representative in the Local Legislature has been acceptable to you, I again seek your votes and support.

I remain, yours respectfully,

G. L. MILNE.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen—As a candidate in the coming contest for legislative honors, and particularly as a labor candidate, I take this method of expressing some of the views I hold relating to the good government of the province.

I believe that heretofore, although workingmen have assisted largely in electing representatives to the legislature and parliament, their interests have not, generally speaking, been advanced or guarded; but on the contrary laws have been enacted whereby the greater burden of taxation has been placed upon the shoulders of the workingman, and monopolies have been fostered, to the detriment of their interests and the country at large. Too many professional men and capitalists have made or influenced the making of our laws, and I believe that a remedy may be applied by workingmen being represented in the councils of our land, not necessarily workingmen, but men who are not only in sympathy with them, but who are in touch with their necessities.

I believe that every man is entitled to an equitable share of what his labor produces; also that enterprise and ability to organize and direct labor to the accomplishment of large undertakings deserves special consideration, but not to the extent that it is often accorded by the governments of the present day.

I would advocate a reduction in the hours of labor, and consider an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government work.

Also the establishment of a provincial labor bureau for the purpose of gathering reliable information on the labor situation, so that intending immigrants may be made fully acquainted with the true state of the labor market in the province.

I believe that as a class the Chinese are injurious to the province, as they undoubtedly ridicule our religion and laws; introduce loathsome diseases and demoralizing habits; they trade exclusively among themselves and send what wealth they may acquire from our province to enrich their own empire. I believe the government should make every effort to lessen the evil which is the result of the presence of Coolie labor, and in the absence of laws similar to those in force in Australia, our government should, when granting privileges to companies and corporations, insist on a clause in the charters granted prohibiting the employment of Asiatic labor by such corporations or companies.

I advocate a liberal railway policy, feeling sure that we must have these most necessary highways in order to develop the many latent resources of the province; but am opposed to the granting of monopolies in land for speculative purposes to companies to the exclusion of settlers.

I also believe that all religious questions should be kept out of our schools, being confident that the numerous religious institutions are quite capable of dealing with that matter.

I will more fully express my views on these questions at public meetings to be held. Hoping you can see your way clear to give me your support at the polls, I am,

Yours respectfully,

ALFRED W. BUTLER.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF—

Victoria City Electoral District.

Gentlemen:—As I am a candidate to represent you in the Provincial Legislature, I wish to give my views on some of the important questions of the day.

I hold that each man is entitled to all his labor produces; therefore, no tax should be levied on the products of labor.

The road tax, the provincial revenue tax, personal property tax, mortgage tax, taxes on improvements, and all taxes on useful trades and industries are unjust and should be abolished.

To carry out these principles, I am in favor of raising all public revenues for provincial and municipal purposes by a tax upon land values, irrespective of improvements.

This tax would lower rents, raise wages, encourage industry, equalize opportunities, and thereby benefit all.

The present electoral system gives unequal representation, and calls for legislative reform.

The monetary deposit now required from candidates for the provincial legislature should be abolished.

I am in favor of passing laws to exclude Asiatic labor from government works and prohibiting any further Asiatic immigration. When Chinese labor can be excluded from any works, by inserting clauses to that effect in charters and grants, it should be done.

I advocate a reduction in the hours of labor; an eight hour law should be established by the government and enforced on all government works.

I am in favor of establishing a Small Debts Court, to enable merchants and others to collect accounts with as little loss of time and money as possible.

I am an independent supporter of the opposition, because I feel they are inclined to go farthest in the direction of the reforms which I advocate; at the same time I wish it distinctly understood I am for measures and not for men.

As canvassing by a candidate is, in my opinion, contrary to the spirit of the ballot, it is not my intention to personally ask for votes. Trusting you may deem me a fit and proper person to represent you in the legislature, I hereby earnestly solicit your votes and influence. Faithfully yours,

W. G. CAMERON.

TO THE ELECTORS

—OF THE—

VICTORIA CITY

ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:

Owing to the large number of Voters on the list it will be quite Impossible for us to see you personally, and we therefore take this means of addressing you, to respectfully request your support at the approaching Provincial Election for the return of four members to represent this City, which takes place on the 7th JULY, A.D. 1894, and will be Held at the CITY MARKET.

If elected, we shall give our hearty support to the present Government, which has done so much to promote the general advancement and prosperity of the Province.

We shall also use every endeavor to secure such legislation as has for its object the further development of the Province, and of this City in particular; to so harmonize capital and labor as to make profitable employment for both; to assist the settlement or the agricultural districts by all legitimate means; to continue the present system of free non-sectarian education, and to aid the passage of all laws which will tend to ensure the liberty, happiness and general welfare of the people of the Province.

Trusting to be honored with your vote and support on election day.

We are,

Your obedient servants,

J. H. TURNER.
R. P. RITHET.
H. DALLAS HELMCKEN.
JOHN BRADEN.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 301.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 189 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Ellis, [illegible] Street.

VETERINARY.

D. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 103 Fort street. Telephone 391; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the nose and throat. Over twelve years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homœopathic Society, British Gynæcological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

DR. CORSAN has removed his office to the Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley streets. j28-2t

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 78 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice, Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery.

SCAVENGERS

PETER RENDEL, CITY SCAVENGER.—Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 194.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 59 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Pioneers' Block, B. Bond street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy13 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 128, R.R. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
E. H. SWINERTON,
1-17 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convocation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
R. FRIZIONI, C. of E. Sec.
oct3

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. O. SMITH, Rec. Secy.

QUEENS MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to H.M. Queen's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairing promptly attended to at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 136.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE,
137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B. C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Shane Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conducivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anæsthetic. my17-d-w

AMUSEMENTS.

THE ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY
Will hold their
ANNUAL GATHERING
—AT—
Caledonia Park, Beacon Hill,
—ON—
WEDNESDAY, 4th JULY

The programme will consist of the Caledonian Games of Auld Scotia, the latest amusing novelty races, races for amateurs only, for which handsome gold and silver medals and cups are offered, also a grand tug-o'-war.

In the evening dancing on the spacious platform will take place, for which the best of music will be furnished.

The grounds will be splendidly decorated and during the evening illuminated. Refreshments can be had on the grounds.

Programmes of Sports, etc., will be published in a few days. Every lady on entering the grounds will receive a ticket for the GRAND TOMBOLA, to be drawn at the conclusion of the Sports, the prizes for which will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben & Co., Government street.

Admission 50c.; children under 12, 25c.
j21 EDWIN G. SMITH, Secretary.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—An agent to represent a Montreal wine house doing principally in champagne and Scotch whiskies. When applying, please give full particulars, references, etc. Address Wine House, P. O. box 2004, Montreal. je30-2t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A MAN WANTS EMPLOYMENT—Understands horses, good driver, in the bush or town. Good references. Address W. R., Times office. jun30-3t

FOR SALE.

YOUNG DUCKS FOR SALE for table use; 85 per dozen; $1.50 a pair, delivered; drop a card to P. K. Lindsay, Millstream Postoffice. June 30-3t

FOR SALE—Hotel, 20 rooms; situated on the most centrical and sublimest corner in Victoria. Special inducements offered if application is made immediately. For further particulars address P. O. Box 541. jun27

CARRIAGE HORSE AND DOG CART for sale. J. W. Mellor. j19

SIXTEEN FOOT SAIL BOAT, nearly new, for sale. Mellor, Fort St., above Douglas.

FOR SALE—Two staunch little schooner Hesperus, register 20 tons. Apply Wm. Turpel's shipyard. j2-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—An Ennis & Co. Piano on easy terms. Apply 42 John St., Rock Bay. m31-1m

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—NEW 8 ROOM HOUSE; all modern improvements; stable, outbuildings, with large garden overlooking Victoria Arm; 3 minutes from tram; 20 minutes from P.O. Apply Beaumont Boggs, 28 Broad street. j28-2w

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

THE WILSON HOTEL is making special rates to families and single gentlemen for the coming few months. Those who desire to make a change will do well to call and get terms. Our table is unexcelled. je29-1w

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Public Meeting!

Capt. Robertson, Candidate for Provincial House for North Victoria, will address the electors at South Saanich School House, on FRIDAY Evening, July 6th. Premier Davie or any other member of the Government is invited to be present.

Public Meeting!
—AT—
VICTORIA WEST.

The electors are requested to meet Messrs. Beaven, Milne, Dutton and Cameron, the Opposition Candidates, at Semple's Hall, Craigflower Road, on

Tuesday Evening, July 3rd, 1894

The chair will be taken at 8 o'clock.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ltd., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.

All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.

All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

Take Away

a stone from a foundation and it is weakened; a picket from a fence gives it an ill appearance, the vacancy destroys its symmetry, and the void is at once apparent. A hole the size of a pin's head in a kitchen utensil detracts from its usefulness, and a spoke from the wheel of a vehicle at once causes comment. It is the same with the mouth of a human being. An absent tooth gives the mouth the appearance of an "aching void." The symmetry is forever gone, the features are distorted, and already the process of decay has begun. In time other teeth "go by the board," and then succeeds a row of blackened and disfigured stumps. Crown and bridge work is a specialty in dental science, and of which Dr. H. B. Findley is a master. By these processes the mouth is made whole, decay of teeth arrested and the features restored to their original appearance.

Dr. H. B. Findley,
Rooms 1 and 2,
86½ Government St.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the Matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts. And in the Matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited.

The time for settling the list of contributories and adjusting upon the claims of creditors of the company has been enlarged to Monday, the 9th day of July next, at 11 a.m., and the place appointed is Mr. Justice Crease's chambers at the law courts, Victoria.

Dated 26th June, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Official Liquidator.
June 27-3t

MR. MORRISSEY'S LOT.

To the Editor:—Kindly allow me to correct Ald. Wilson regarding the assessment of lot 13 block L, Work Estate, which I offered for sale for the Electric light site. On three-quarters of the lot I pay a yearly tax to the Dominion and for which I hold a separate title, therefore the city has only a right to tax me for one-quarter of the amount asked for the lot. M. MORRISSEY.

Fort Angeles and return on the Islander to-morrow, 50c.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

WHAT MR. VERNON SAID.

After the Vernon News' report of the Hon. Mr. Vernon's remarks on the Canada Western had been reproduced in the Times it was hinted by various government speakers and writers that the report was incorrect. The Colonist excused its suppression of that particular passage on this ground. Most people could easily see that if Mr. Vernon had been misreported he was very slow in offering a correction, but it seems that he did in time get around to that point. Those gentlemen who expected to extract some comfort from the correction when it did come are entitled to its prompt reproduction here, and we cheerfully give them the benefit of it. At Vernon on the 20th ult. Mr. Vernon spoke as follows, as reported by the News: "He had been slightly misrepresented in his remarks on this subject at his previous meeting, but in substance the report was correct. When he said that no business proposition had been placed before the executive he did not consider that any such absurd proposal as that mentioned could be seriously termed a business proposition; the proposed road was a transcontinental line, and this proposal only referred to 400 miles, and was manifestly of such a nature that no government would be foolish enough to countenance it in such form. If the promoters of the scheme could build the road for the land grant offered them three years ago let them go ahead, but otherwise he was of the same opinion as he expressed before, that the credit of the country would never be pledged for their assistance." We do not know what the government's partizans will say of this, but we do know that the general public will find in it a correction that does not correct. We trust the Colonist will now take out that row of asterisks and replace it with what the chief commissioner says he said at the first Vernon meeting. Many of the government's friends are anxiously waiting for this correction.

THE SITE.

Ald. Wilson indulges in some heroics over what the Times said in regard to the site for the electric light station. We have not the slightest objection to that, for when a man is on the wrong side of the argument he should have some small indulgence in that line. The worthy alderman makes an indefinite call upon us to take back statements, but we can find nothing in what we have said that needs retraction. The plain fact we have laid before the public is that the city stands in a fair way to be fleeced by an arrangement for which the majority of the aldermen, including Ald. Wilson, cast their votes. The worst reflection on Ald. Wilson in connection with the matter is cast by Ald. Wilson himself. He has stated in his letter to the Times and elsewhere that he favored the proposal to locate the station on property owned by the city, and yet he voted for the proposition to buy the Nuttall property and thus make an enormous hole in the available funds before even work on the building could be commenced. He says he could not have voted for the Spohr lots irrespective of the price, but we fail to see how the choice was narrowed down to these two sites, especially when he and other aldermen have said that the city already possessed property suitable for a site. We notice that Mr. Wilson returns to the erroneous and rather childish idea that the Times' criticisms emanated from some outside source. He may dismiss that impression at once, for it has not an atom of foundation, and his repetition of an impertinence like this makes his own position look only more awkward. It remains to say a word or two with respect to the price of the Nuttall lots. Mr. Nuttall has published a letter denying a statement in the Times in language which shows him to be quite distinctly a gentleman. Mr. Nuttall's lots were first offered at $13,000, and then at $12,300, and even the latter figure is a good deal in excess of the price asked for them a short time ago. We respectfully repeat our belief that Mr. Nuttall did not get the $12,300 less the 5 per cent. commission; but there is nothing in this discreditable to him; the discredit attaches to the aldermen who made the job possible.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Colonist has a good deal to say these days about the foolishness of pre-election boasting and prophesying. We suspect its moralizing is meant for the World, and certainly its lectures could not be better directed, for the Vancouver organ has been making the most ridiculous predictions. Its latest is that government supporters will be elected for 28 or 29 out of the 33 seats. Think of that now!

In the Times' report of the proceedings at the Fernwood public meeting Mr. Beaven was made to say that the opposition moved to ask the Dominion government to increase the poll tax on Chinese from $50 to $100, and that Messrs. Davie and Turner voted against it. In point of fact Mr. Beaven's remarks upon the subject had reference to the proposition to increase the poll tax from $50 to $500. Mr. Davie was not referred to in this connection, but Mr. Turner was named as opposing it. It seems Mr. Davie was absent from the house on the occasion Mr. Beaven referred to.

THE ELECTRIC SITE.

To the Editor:—Referring to your article last Saturday on the above subject I trust you will give me space to reply to the same.

I must presume that in publishing that article you were influenced for the public good, for so far as I have observed—this being the first year I have devoted to things civic—your paper has always protected the interest of the city. Unless you are about to depart from that principle I cannot conceive why you should publish such an untruthful and scandalous article about the council, or at least certain members of that body. Unless you, like the gentleman who recently addressed the council on "the mystery of the site," and who was in complete ignorance of the subject, had been likewise grossly misled, as I believe you have been, I cannot understand your attitude in this matter. If you still adhere to your statements and insinuations of dishonesty against the aldermen who voted for the Nuttall site, I, as one of those aldermen, have a right to demand the proof or source of your information. In the meantime, in my opinion, that it emanates from a baffled and disappointed person who has already made insinuations and mysterious gestures on this subject, without the courage and honesty to do more than threaten, like the villain in the play.

If you believe there is cause to investigate the action of all or any of the aldermen, it is now your clear duty to follow up your accusation to their natural conclusions—conviction and jail. Personally I court the fullest investigation at all times as to my actions in the council, which have been fearlessly taken in the interest of the city, and as long as I am there it will be my continued effort to have an honest and economical administration without fear or favor of anyone, be he high or low.

If you have been deceived as to your so-called facts it is your duty to withdraw your statements and apologize to the aldermen you have so wantonly maligned.

Now, as to the point you take against me in the matter of not presenting to the council sooner than I did the letter I got from Mr. Spohr. (The mayor and several of the aldermen had seen the letter previous to the selection of the site.) That gentleman called at my house to recommend his lots, the price of which had been put into the council at $1500, $2000 and finally $3000 each, or $3000, $5000 and $6000. As a matter of curiosity I asked him how much he expected to get from the agent with whom he had placed his lots, and to my astonishment he said $1850 net for the two lots or $1500 per lot, less 5 per cent. commission. He further stated that Mr. Croft was not his agent, in fact he had never seen him.

To substantiate that statement I get the letter referred to, which by accident was addressed to the council. The reading of that letter sooner than I did would not have made the slightest difference to the city in the selection of a site, for as a matter of fact Mr. Spohr's lots were never seriously considered as a suitable site except by one or two aldermen. If these lots were offered for nothing I should vote against taking them as a site for a modern electric plant. I can only conceive, after the expert evidence I have gathered to back up my own original opinion of the lots, that any person trying to palm off such property for the purpose required by the city, is either densely ignorant of what is wanted or personally interested in the sale.

As a further contradiction of your article I refer you to Mr. Thomas C. Nuttall's denial of your statement, as to the price he was to receive for his property, and which was published in last Sunday's Colonist.

In conclusion I have to say that the mayor, a practical architect, and who voted against the purchase of the Nuttall property recently, visited the site to look at the cost of clearing a space for the buildings, and he tells me that a "few hundred dollars" will be sufficient while you stated it would cost $5000.

That the public may understand the Spohr lot question I enclose copies of the letters which were read at the last meeting of the council.

J. KEITH WILSON.

Victoria, B.C., 7th May, 1894.

To the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria:

Gentlemen,—Understanding that you are desirous of securing a suitable site for the electric light plant in this city, I beg to offer, on behalf of Mr. Spohr, lots 2 and 3 in block 8, John street. The price of same is $3,000. These lots are most advantageously situated for the purpose proposed, as they are in a central position and on the water front, which will enable sea-borne coal to be delivered at a very low rate. Believe me to remain, yours truly,

(Signed) HENRY CROFT.

Victoria, B. C., May 28, 1894.

His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen,—Herewith find list and price of property in answer to your advertisement asking for eligible sites for electric light works:

Lots 539 A. and 540 A, Belleville street, price $10,500.

Lot 1300, Erie street, price $7,000.

Lots 2 and 3, John street, between Bridge street and Bay avenue, price $5,000.

Lot 13, block L, Work street, price $6,750.

I am, yours truly,

(Signed) HENRY CROFT,
Per C. O.

Victoria, B. C., 11th June, 1894.

John Teague, Esq., Mayor Victoria,

Sir,—Upon my return to Victoria this morning I noticed in the report of the meeting of the council at which tenders for site for electric light plant were considered that not only was my tender considered, but my two former offers. These were cancelled by the tender.

I regret that the price for lots 2 and 3, block 8, John street, should have been quoted as $3,000; it ought to have been $6,000, or $3,000 per lot. This price was reduced in the tender to $5,000. In a similar manner my tender for lot 13, block L, Work estate, was $6,750, instead of $7,750, as mentioned in my previous letter. Yours truly,

(Signed) HENRY CROFT.

Victoria, 18th June, 1894.

The Mayor and Council, Victoria, B.C.:

Gentlemen,—I am the owner of two lots of land known as lots 2 and 3, B 8, between Bridge and Bay avenue. These lots I offered to the city through a real estate agent, as being suitable for an electric site, at a price of three thousand dollars for the two lots, or net to me two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars ($2,850).

I see by the papers that my lots were the lowest in price as tendered, and I am since told some mistake has taken place about the price, and I therefore call your attention to the fact that I am still willing to sell to the city the two lots for $3,000. As stated above, the lots are 60 feet by 120 feet each.

Yours truly,

(Signed) FRED. SPOHR.

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

Meetings in South Victoria and Kamloops Highly Successful.

Burgoyne Bay, June 30.—A meeting called by Captain Robertson was held here on Friday at the school house at 8:30. Mr. A. Wilson occupied the chair.

Captain Robertson, in opening his address, explained that at the former meeting held here he was trying to combat the arguments used by his opponent and show up the wrongdoings of the present administration. This meeting being his own he wished to see before his audience the platform he had adopted. The captain was more at home than at the Saanich meeting, where it was two to one, and where Davie according to the established custom, retired, after firing his shots, giving no opportunity to Captain Robertson to answer.

In a lucid and compact manner Captain Robertson set forth his platform, the chief points he spoke on was the necessity of having good roads made through the large islands, and seeing that a proportional share of appropriations be given to the district. He showed very clearly that the province having only a few industries was dependent on the farming community chiefly, that in fact the farmers were the backbone of the country. He thought if money could be borrowed for wild railway schemes which up to the present showed no signs of paying, surely money could be borrowed and loaned at a fair rate of interest to the farmers, thereby giving them an opportunity of improving their farms, so that a larger amount of food could be raised in the province, tending towards the self-supporting of the community. He also argued on some clauses of the British North America Act, showing how they were against the best interests of the province and opined that the time was near when the people of this province would demand a repeal of many of them. Throughout the captain was listened to with the closest attention and frequently applauded.

Mr. Booth complimented his opponent on his speech, saying he would get votes by its clearness and moderation. He then took up various portions of the address and answered them to the best of his ability. Many questions were put to both candidates and answered. One question asked and answered caused a good deal of amusement: "Whether the government was not a speculating company using the public moneys?" Mr. Booth said the government had to speculate, which brought forth the retort, "They should speculate on their own cash and not on the people's taxes," causing much laughter. The Meeting almost to a man was in favor of Captain Robertson and at the end Mr. Booth heard some plain speaking from the voters on account of the broken promises to the people and gross mismanagement of local affairs.

A vote of thanks to the chairman brought the meeting to a close.

Kamloops, June 30.—A political meeting held here to-night by the Hon. Theodore Davie and Mr. Martin was almost unanimously carried by the opposition. Mr. Slater was chairman. The opposition speakers were Messrs. H. McCutcheon the candidate for North Yale, W. J. Bowser of Vancouver and C. A. Semlin. They made most effective speeches and completely showed up the corrupt practices and shortcomings of the present administration. Mr. Martin's speech was brief, and although heard without interruption, he was not well received. Mr. McCutcheon was received with deafening applause and made an impressive speech which was thoroughly appreciated. If this audience is a criterion to the poll, the vote here will be at least three to one in his favor.

Mr. Semlin, who is an old favorite here, was equally honored and his common sense way of dealing with the policy of the government was characterized by his speech which was listened to with deep interest.

Mr. Bowser's first appearance here has already made him a favorite. He reviewed the policy of the government with abundant encouragement in the way of long and continued applause.

At the close of Mr. McCutcheon's speech Mr. Davie requested the chairman to ask Mr. McCutcheon to give all the facts in connection with the sale of the Island Sentinel of which he was former proprietor. Mr. McCutcheon explained in detail, bringing down the house repeatedly with some telling facts against Mr. Davie and some of his bosom friends, all of which he is prepared to prove. He explained among other things the manner in which Mr. Davie secured control of the editorial columns of the Sentinel last November for the purpose of giving a report of his political meeting here at that time and an issue in which Mr. McCutcheon's name does not appear as proprietor, by agreeing to purchase the Sentinel, and how he forced Mr. Davie and his friends to abide by Mr. Davie's agreement to purchase. Mr. McLagan of the World figured conspicuously in the deal. Judging from Mr. Davie's countenance during the explanation he did not suspect that Mr. McCutcheon had all the facts in his possession or he never would have made the request.

Mr. Davie's speech was of the usual "made-to-order" style, praising himself and the government generally on account of his administration. During his speech he would stop, giving the keynote to his humble followers and hangers-on, that he looked for a burst of applause that ended in groans.

As the termination of his speech an old-timer remarked, "Davie struck a big chill in this town."

This riding is considered solid for McCutcheon. Authentic reports from the east riding give Mr. Donald Graham a good majority. Mr. Wardle, the government candidate in the west riding will probably lose his deposit.

Sports of all kinds at Port Angeles to-morrow. Go over on the Islander.

A gentleman from Okanagan, who is thoroughly familiar with the situation in the riding of Yale, for the representation of which the Hon. Forbes George Vernon is a candidate, says that nine-tenths of the voters are oppositionists, and that Vernon will do well if he saves his deposit. At a crowded meeting held a few evenings ago at Okanagan, Mr. Vernon, at the conclusion of his speech, asked his supporters to stand. Three only responded, one of them being the school-teacher. Donald Graham is constantly receiving letters from his friends and supporters throughout the riding, and some from men who are afraid to be known as active oppositionists, assuring him of their support. Many of the letters are addressed, "Mr. Graham, M. P. P.," with no other address.

Celebrate the 4th at Angeles. The Islander leaves at 9 a.m., 2 p.m. and 6 p.m.

A BIG BOOM COMING.

British Columbia Will Benefit by the Nicaragua Canal.

British Columbia is to have another big boom. So say those whose special hobby is forecasting the future. Their chief reason for this assertion, says the Mississippi Valley Manufacturer, and a very plausible one it seems, is that on completion of the Nicaragua Canal, freight rates between the old and new world will drop so materially that British Columbia and the entire coast country will eventually become the source of supply in lumber and wood pulp, etc., for the European markets. This is the way it is explained: It now takes a vessel several month to reach England from Vancouver around the Horn. By way of the Nicaragua Canal the passage may be made in 60 days without transhipping, while steamers can make the canal in eight days, and from the canal to England in 16 days. It is said that the Canadian Pacific railway in conjunction with a line of fast steamers, could afford to fix rates between British Columbia and England at figures corresponding with the present rates between Vancouver and San Francisco. Heretofore wood pulp has been mainly supplied to European markets from Austria, and the cargo transhipped five or six times in passage, and here by the aid of the Nicaragua canal, the coast would far outstrip all competitors, as the paper pulp of British Columbia and Puget Sound, made from the famous gamlock spruce, is said to be superior to any pulp in the market, the same may be said of our cottonwood, used in the manufacture of fine quality paper, as well as the wood for block-saving so extensively used in the large European cities. Eastern States and Canada will benefit from the shorter distance and lower rates of the canal route, but not so materially as the Pacific coast, whose shippers will be brought in direct competition with their hitherto invulnerable rivals of the old world.—Railway Review.

Don't fail to go to Port Angeles to-morrow.

A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

—The customs returns for June follow:

Duty collected	$ 44,743 76
Other revenues	4,494 00
Total	$49,228 36
Value of imports, dutiable	$ 130,089 00
Value of imports, free	27,881 00
Total	$158,370 00
EXPORTS.	
Goods, produce of Canada	$ 31,000 00
Not, produce of Canada	5,150 00
Total	$36,249 00

You must not miss the Port Angeles excursion on the Islander to-morrow.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors of Victoria: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

Hire's Root Beer

One Package makes five gallons of a delicious beverage.

25 Cents a Package.

COCHRANE & HUNT, Prescript on Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Meanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Garden Hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, Government street.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—Have you lost your parasol? If so I am sorry for you, but such things will happen. You can get a new one at Partridge's, 86 Yates street, for very little money.

—The Harrison Hot Springs are open as usual with first-class white staff. Accommodation excellent. Fishing good. Stages meet all trains at Agassiz, C. P. Railway.

—The St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society have issued invitations to the children of the Protestant orphanage and St. Ann's convent and to the Home for the aged and infirm.

—H. M. S. Satellite has left Coquimbo for Esquimalt, where she may be expected at an early date. Orders were cabled to her by Rear-Admiral Stephenson before the flagship left here last week.

—Probably the lowest tide of the year was that of this morning. It was at its lowest about nine o'clock and points on the beaches were dry which had seldom ever been seen above water before.

—The steamer Umatilla did not leave for San Francisco until 10:30 last night having been delayed at Seattle. The cabin passengers from Victoria were: W. R. Fitzmaurice, Mrs. E. T. Pearse, Miss M. McNattie, Miss Hand, Miss Devan, Mrs. J. T. Papst and Mrs. L. Jones.

—Dr. Briggs, Toronto's great preacher, is visiting the coast and the Metropolitan Methodist church has been fortunate in securing his services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. on Sunday next. Dr. Briggs has also consented to deliver his lecture on "Lost Labor" in the same church on the evening of Tuesday, July 10th.

—H. M. S. Pheasant is expected back from the Vancouver celebration either today or to-morrow, as she is under orders from Rear-Admiral Stephenson to leave for Behring Sea and is to sail 48 hours after she arrives here. She is to go into the sea and aid in the patrol to keep pelagic sealers outside of the 60 mile limit and to prevent the use of firearms.

—The Victoria club, which has been in existence for ten years, closed its doors Saturday night and those members who came to look upon it as a home are now looking for new boarding houses. The causes of the collapse are numerous—bad times, bad pay, possibly bad management, and a desire also on the part of some of the members to reorganize under more favorable auspices.

—The annual farmers' picnic was held in the agricultural grounds, South Saanich, yesterday. A number of people went out from the city and thoroughly enjoyed the day in the country. Dancing and a programme of sports interested those present. Nearly all the farmers of Saanich were present, and this gave Messrs. Eberts and Carey a good opportunity to button-hole the electors of South Saanich for their votes.

—The desire to be well dressed is laudable. All well dressed women add to the sum of refinement and social grace of the community. A lady is well or ill dressed in proportion to the material of which her costume is composed is perfect or imperfect in quality. The best basis for a beautiful costume is found in Priestley's famous dress goods, because the material is so flexible, soft and rich, while having every quality of durability, that, in the hands of the skilled modiste, that perfection of contour, so dear to every woman's heart, is communicated to it in a most conspicuous degree. Ladies should ask for Priestley's black dress goods.

—The Post-Intelligencer has the following in its Sunday issue about Matt Ries who has been spending a few weeks here: News was received in this city last evening that the state supreme court has affirmed the decision of the superior court in the case of Matt Ries and Tommy Rauschman, who were convicted and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary for bunkoing farmer Joseph R. Bunce out of $102 on the steamer Schome on January 25th, 1892. Rauschman, or as he was commonly known, "Japanese Tommy," is supposed to be in Texas, near enough to the Mexican border so that he can cross in time to evade any attempt of the Washington authorities to bring him back. Although there is little chance of seeing the convicted bunko men behind the bars, yet the police have some satisfaction in knowing that the city is freed of two dangerous men.

—The city council meets this evening.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Don't you go to the picnic unless you have one of Partridge's $1 print waists.

—The examination of candidates for teachers' certificates commences to-morrow.

—We can recommend the "Mason" fruit jar as thoroughly reliable. Weiler Bros.

—Prepare for the "fruit season" by getting your preserving crocks, kettles, etc., at Weiler Bros.'

—The opposition candidates will address the electors at Semple's Hall, Victoria West, this evening.

—Don't fail to take in the Caledonian games at the park on July 4th. Every arrangement will be made to please visitors.

—Peter Steele, jr., and bride, returned on the City of Puebla from San Francisco. Mrs. Steele was Miss Rex of San Francisco, formerly of Victoria.

—Ald. Ledingham has a notice on the bulletin board at the city hall of a motion to permit the stall keepers in the public market to paint signs on the city watering carts.

—The steamer Queen arrived from Alaska at four o'clock yesterday morning and left a couple of hours later for the Sound. A number of the passengers remained here.

—What is more delightful than an afternoon on the water? Take the Islander for Port Angeles on the Fourth of July. The people of Port Angeles have prepared a splendid programme of sports for that day.

—Haven't you often seen a lady fairly well dressed with her appearance spoiled by wearing an old fashioned hat? Now don't let that be said of you when a stylish 50c. hat can be had for 25c. at Partridge's, 86 Yates street.

—One of the attractions to-morrow evening will be the band concert at the Oak Bay hotel. This is one of the pleasantest spots around the city to spend the warm summer evenings. A good programme has been arranged and seats provided for those who attend.

—The steamer Rosalie carried a large number of excursionists to the Sound this morning, among the others being the baseball team. At the last moment Manager Schultz received an offer of a game at Seattle, and on his arrival there a game for to-morrow morning may be arranged. The plan will not however interfere in any way with the game at Tacoma. All of the team except Lenfesty and Gus Gowen went over this morning, and those two will leave to-night on the City of Kingston.

—The yachts Volage and Daisy Belle did not get to Vancouver but instead brought up at Anacortes. The wind failed them on Saturday and Sunday and they virtually drifted to Anacortes. Last evening William Croft of the Adelphi received the following telegram from Captain David Anderson of the Daisy Belle: "Whatcom to-morrow morning with the tide. Yachts Volage and Daisy Belle are here." The steamer Mischief carrying the yachtsmen and excursionists to Whatcom will leave Spratt's wharf at 8 o'clock this evening. It is believed that by to-night all the available tickets will be sold.

Chief Deasy and his men returned last night from the firemen's tournament at Vancouver rather badly disappointed at the treatment which they received. Vancouver won the wet test by four seconds, Victoria second, Whatcom third and Nanaimo fourth. In the dry test Vancouver won from Victoria by the fortieth of a second. Nanaimo was third and Whatcom fourth. In the hub-and-hub race, which was started by a gun, it was agreed that if the gun snapped all were to come back. It did snap, and Victoria stopped. The others ran on and Vancouver was given the race, with Nanaimo second. W. Deasy won the coupling test, beating the next man, Thomas Lilly, of Vancouver, 11 seconds. Castle of Nanaimo was third. There were six in the contest.

—A picnic under the management of the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society can justly be considered a splendid success. To-morrow's celebration at the park [illegible] No pains have been spared to have everything in the best condition for the convenience of the public. The following are a few of the events on the most amusing programme ever had: foot races for girls and boys, for amateurs, for married women for old men, for navy, military and for others. Highland dancing, grand tug of war, five aside, association football, (ten minutes play), the great Caledonian games and many other events specially interesting. The prizes this year are better than ever, comprising gold and silver medals, handsome cups and cash. The prizes for the ladies' tombola are very pretty. Two bands of music will play. In the evening there will be dancing and everything will be done to make the dancers enjoy themselves.

To Port Angeles and return to-morrow, 50 cents.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.

Former Price, $7. And a large

CRAYON, $1.

"Coronas" are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Cut out this Coupon and bring it to Skene Lowe, 93 Government Street.
Good until July 10th.

—The Empress of India, in bound, was reported this afternoon by Carmanah. She will be here by 6:30 and will be met by the tender Sadie. The latter will leave the C. P. N. wharf at 6:15 o'clock.

—The funeral of the late John T. Dunlop took place on Sunday. Services were conducted at the R. E. church. The pallbearers were: Messrs. Godfrey Kennel, S. J. Booth, J. R. Giscome, R. T. Clanton, S. Gooness and T. W. Pierre.

—Herbert Mansell, a native of Victoria, son of ex-alderman Mansell, now of Pendleton, Ore., died at the Jubilee Hospital on Saturday. He was 27 years of age. For several years deceased was in the employ of F. Carne, jr. The funeral took place this afternoon.

—On account of the lowness of the tide the Islander will leave the outer wharf at 9 a.m. to-morrow for Port Angeles. She will, however, leave from the inner wharf at 2 and 6 p.m. The fare for the round trip is only 50 cents, so hundreds of people are sure to go over.

—The United States revenue cutter Grant arrived in the harbor this morning and is at anchor inside of Laurel Point. This is her first visit here, although she has been on the Sound for several months. She is in command of Captain Tozier, formerly of the Wolcott. The Grant will be here until Tuesday.

—No further word has been received from Cariboo as to the arrest of Blankly, who twice held up the stage. The particulars of his arrest by Superintendent Hussey and posse are not yet at hand, but the capture was speedily made and there appears to be ample evidence for the fellow's conviction. Superintendent Hussey is not expected home for a week yet.

—The fire at the government street store of Dixi Ross & Co., on Sunday evening did no damage at all, but the smoke and water did a small amount. The fire caught on the roof from sparks from a neighboring chimney, but before it had gained much headway the department under Acting Chief Conlin had it out. The building, which is owned by C. Bossi, is insured in the Liverpool, London & Globe for $1500, and the Phoenix for $1500. The stock carries this insurance: Alliance, $3000, London & Canadian $2000, Western $2500 and Caledonian $3000. The losses have not been adjusted, but they will be only a few hundred dollars.

—The Province Exploration party, headed by Rev. W. W. Bolton, will leave this evening for Cape Commerell on a special steamer. They were to have left on the Danube, but the departure of that vessel was delayed, and in order that the plans made should be adhered to it was decided to charter a steamer. Mr. Bolton's party is made up of T. B. Norgate, photographer; Pierre De Loriol, James A. Magee, guide and James Cartmel. The party were given a farewell dinner at the Wilson last night. A. H. Scaife, the managing editor of the Province, was in the chair and the others present were W. F. Bullen, H. Bostock, M. King and Archer Martin. The party are to journey south through the centre of the island and their investigations and explorations will be of incalculable benefit and of the greatest interest to all.

Every American citizen in Victoria will celebrate the 4th at Port Angeles.

DOMINION DAY PICNICS.

How Many Victorians Spent Canada's Natal Day.

Those Victorians who did not go to Vancouver to assist the citizens of that place in celebrating Dominion Day, found lots to do at home. There was a baseball game at Caledonia Park, and many public and private picnics at the various resorts by which Victoria is surrounded. The Methodist Sunday schools held a union picnic at Sidney, the trains of the [illegible] ed with children, and their friends, on the three trips that they made from Topaz avenue. The children of the P. O. Home were the guests of the Sunday schools, and all spent a delightful day.

At Goldstream the choice picnicing spots were occupied by the pupils of the First and St. Andrews' Presbyterian Sunday schools, their teachers, parents and friends. The teachers enjoyed themselves by providing amusements for the children who entered heartily into the sports.

The annual picnic of the Emmanuel Baptist Sunday school was held at Macaulay's Point, the children being conveyed from Spring Ridge to the picnic grounds on several large cars. There was nothing to mar the pleasure of the day, the programme of sports passing off pleasantly.

The farmers of South Saanich spent Dominion Day on their picnic grounds and a long programme of sports were indulged in. Visitors from the city were hospitably received and entertained by the farmers.

After the crowds had gone to these picnics, there were still enough pleasure-loving Victorians left to lend a holiday air to the other pleasure resorts. The Oak Bay and other beaches were lined winth picnic parties, which many spent the day along the shores of the Arm.

The Islander Leaves for Port Angeles to-morrow morning and afternoon.

No Fruit or Sugar

But all other jam making requisites at Russell & McDonald's opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

A TOTAL LOSS.

Steamer William Irving Strikes a Rock and Sinks in the Fraser.

The C. P. N. company's steamer William Irving was wrecked at Farr's bluff on the Fraser river on Saturday afternoon. She is a total loss, not being insured. The Irving was towing the R. P. Rithet, which had broken her shaft, down the river, when she was swung in against the big bluff. A hole was stove in her bow and she immediately began to sink. Her cargo of cattle and produce was saved, but the steamer immediately after sinking broke in half and was completely wrecked. When the Irving struck the Rithet also swung round and struck the bluff, causing damages that will render it necessary for her to be docked. There is a very sharp turn in the river at Farr's bluff, and a steamer has to go very little out of her way to place her in danger. The Irving's machinery may be saved.

The disaster came at ahad time for the C. P. N. company, as they now need all the river boats they have in the flooded district.

Boys' English Linen Suits $1.50 At Russell & McDonald's.

The Islander will make three trips to Angeles to-morrow at 9 a.m., 2 p.m. and 6 p.m.

Sufferers from chills and fever, who have used quinine as a remedy, will appreciate Ayer's Ague Cure. This preparation, if taken according to directions, is warranted a sure cure. Residents in malarial districts should not be without it.

Will You Catch This Idea?

It's not what we say, but the length of time our clothing wears and how it fits you that makes it cheap.

Suits at $18.
Pants at $5

Let us reason together.

KINNAIRD, The Cash Tailor, 46 Johnson St.

Figure It out Yourself. Dosen't It Stand To Reason That The Cash Dealer Can Sell The Cheapest? Try CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

S. A. Stoddart, 68 1-2 Yates St.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Waltham Watch Co., P.S. Bartlett, (stem wind)	$ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co., (adjusted) (all new movements)	15 00
Low grades from	4 00
Watches cleaned	75
Main spring	75
New lever staff	1 25
Jewels	50
Clocks cleaned from	50

Jewelry repaired; Real Teeth mounted in solid gold from $3, silver from $1; pipes mounted in solid silver, from 50c., gold $2.50. SPECIAL—Clocks regulated and repaired against accidents for 12 months. Called for and delivered at any residence where the cars pass.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker. 68 1-2 Yates St.

A soft, fair skin is the result of pure blood and a healthy liver, to secure which, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Superior Medicine. Ladies who rely upon cosmetics to beautify their complexion, should make a note of this, bearing in mind that they can't improve upon nature.

We Are Holding

Our own and find it easy. We can't help but do it while we continue our present course—that of making soap that pleases the people. Get some of our Toilet Soaps once and you'll always buy them. Ask your grocer for our Soaps; if he does not have them come to the Works, Cor. Government and Herald Streets.

VICTORIA SOAP COMPANY.

Great Slaughter Sale

AT THE

...MANCHESTER HOUSE

For 2 Weeks of Dress Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Mantles and Blouses. As our stock is too large and we wish to reduce it, we have marked these goods BELOW COST at such prices as will ensure a clearance.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

7 yds. double width, all wool Cashmere Serge for $1.75.
7 yds., double width all wool French Serge for $1.50.
Double width all wool Serge, 35c. per yd.
Double width Colored Cashmeres, 15c. per yard.
300 yards fancy Dress Goods, 5c. per yd.
250 yds. Wool Challies, 6 yds. for $1.
300 yds. best Wool Challies (30 inches wide), 25c. per yard.

STAPLES.

White Cotton, 20 yds. for $1.
Grey Cotton, 16 yds. for $1.
Flannelettes 14 yds. for $1.
Cretonnes, 10 yds. for $1.
Towels, 50c. per doz.

HOSIERY, HOSIERY.

Ladies' Black Cashmere Hosiery, 3 pairs for $1.
Ladies' Cotton Hosiery, fast black, 5 pairs for $1.
Childrens' Cotton Hosiery, 15c., 20c., 25c. per pair.
Gent's Cotton Hose, 5 pairs for $1.

BLOUSES, BLOUSES.

White Muslin Blouses, 65c. each.
Fine White Blouses, tucked, $1 each.
Fine Cambric Blouses, $1.
Collars and Cuffs, 25c. per sett.

LACE MANTLES & JACKETS.

Lace Mantles, usual prices, $8.50 and $10, your choice, $5.
Lace Mantles, usual prices, $12 and $15, your choice, $5.
5 Black Serge Jackets, usual price $5, your choice $2.
6 Boating Jackets, usual price $5 and $7, your choice $2.50.
8 Tweed Jackets, usual price, $6 and $7, your choice $3.
14 Tweed Jackets, usual price, $7.50 to $13, your choice $5.

These goods are new and seasonable. None are damaged goods. We invite you to call and see for yourself. No trouble to show goods.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, 88 YATES ST.,
T. HAUGHTON & CO.

The British Columbia

SUGAR REFINERY

...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4¾c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	4¼ to 4½c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags	5¾c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6¼c. per lb

(Applicable to Lots of 5 Barrels or equal)

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.

Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.

Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

A TOTAL ECLIPSE!

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

ECLIPSES [illegible]

All Meat Extracts and Home Made Beef Tea.

It is FIFTY TIMES as nourishing and makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

MARTIN & ROBERTSON, VICTORIA and VANCOUVER, Agents for British Columbia

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

RATTRAY & HALL

Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.

OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 83.

Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

ROSES

Extra strong plants of Choicest Old and New Varieties suitable for this climate.

Orders taken for fall delivery.

ANDREW OHLSON,
Oakland Nursery, Victoria, B.C.

Loch Fyne Herrings...

DIRECT FROM SCOTLAND PER SHIP BARROWDALE.

..$2 per Keg..

We are selling our Groceries for Cash, and prices are all reduced accordingly.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

A GUINEA FOR A GHOST.

"Tales of Ten Travellers Series."

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

I was standing beside the Italian porch the beautiful church of St. Mary the Virgin, at Oxford, when the full meaning of young Lord Neville's words of the morning was first realized.

At that moment I saw him dash past in his brougham, and at his side was the scared, white face of the woman we [illegible]

I called to him and to her. She looked pitifully back toward me, and seemed to plead with the man beside her, while Lord Neville gave me a taunting and triumphant glance as his coachman lashed the horses into a furious pace. I clutched at the iron gateway for support, but when I could look again they were gone.

Then I staggered back to our apartments in Beaumont street. Its gay aspect seemed wholly changed. The sun shone brightly. The rich facades were as dazzling as ever. Even the handsome house where we all had lived stood there as stately and grand as during all the years Lord Neville's munificence had made it our home. But as I rang the bell, its sound startled me. It seemed as though death had entered Beaumont street and had furled its sable pinions around this one abode.

Indeed something like death ever broods where noble friendships are broken.

Even Richard, our joint valet, who answered my summons, had the woebegone look in his face of a funeral mute as he ushered me into the once dear old library. The very statues and statuettes gazed ghostly at me and the binding of the books had a dead, repellant air. The room was stifling, and I asked Richard to throw open the sash and let in the street sounds and sunlight.

"Very sorry, Mr. Newton, for his ludship's doin's; werry sorry! 'Taint like him. It come on me loke a blow, sir; so it did."

I let him ramble on; for I could not take heart to question him then.

"After your quarrel with his ludship, this mornin', Mr. Newton, when you cornered him as his intentions towards Miss Robena, he come'd back direc'ly, an' says he: 'Richard, cut it short. Have Sarah pack Robena's wardrobe at once. Have the brougham ready at the door at two o'clock. I wish to take a bit o' a drive wi' Miss Robena. We mayn't come back.' 'Undersawd!' I says.

"'Course I aint been with th' gentry an' nobility, goin on twenty year, thout knowin' w'at that means, sir. So I says: 'Orders is orders, sir.' An' he says: 'Bathsa' An' says I: 'In A-sia?' An' he says An' says: 'On double wages till you hear from me.' 'Which will be?' says I. 'Whenever it is!' says he. At which he turns to go out.

"Werry sorry, Mr. Newton, t' tell you th' rest;" said Richard with genuine feeling; for I am sure he had grown to like me. I told him gently enough I wished to hear it all.

"Well sir, he checked up a bit, scowling like. Then he walks around here, 'mong th' books, where you've all been so happy t'gether, sir. He then says: 'Cruchin' tough!' all the time lookin' over your 'varsity papers an' things; an' then' after mumblin 'All's fair in love!' he says 'My regards an' bood-bye to Newton. Just say t' 'im, easy like, as I'd like t' have 'im leave th' place for Lunnon, soon as convenient; an' that there'll be no use o' chasin' me an' Robena; fur she goes wi' in!'"

"Richard, do you believe that is true?" I faltered.

"See 'ere, Mr. Newton; Lord Neville's my master. I'm on double wages. No offence, but I 'ope you won't press that sort of questions."

"No, no, Richard. That's right;" I answered dazedly. "But may I ask is Robena's mother, Mrs. Hardie, still in Oxford?"

"She left for Scotland on the mornin' train, sir."

"Just this one more question, Richard. Answer it or not, as you like: Did Mrs. Hardie know of Lord Neville's intention to make this sudden and secret departure with Robena?"

"As to that, sir, I can't say rightly. His ludship an' she was together in th' garden, consultin' like, ater your quarrel with his ludship."

"Thank you, Richard," I returned, sick at heart and desperate in my loneliness. "Can you get my luggage ready for the evening train to London?"

"It's ready now, sir. His ludship's orders, sir."

II.

It all seemed like a dream to me while huddled in the corner of a compartment of a train as it whisked out of the Oxford station on its thundering way to London.

Lord Neville and I had been friends at Eton together. Oxford and Christ Church college were the natural sequences. I was but a vicar's son; Neville would some day become a duke. When I hesitated about Oxford, on account of the great expense, he simply said in his royal way; "Bob Newton, until we have won our degrees, there shall be a common purse!"

I loved the fellow blindly. He was the only titled stripling I had ever known without a single vice. "Commons" at the college became tiresome at last, and after our "twelve terms within walls" were done, it came natural for us to go into lodgings. The house in Beaumont street was taken; and Neville had fitted it up luxuriously.

"Now, Newton, old boy," said the handsome fellow, "if you only knew of some dear good, motherly soul who would come here and give us a genuine home—not a 'lodging-'ouse'—what good progress we could make to be sure.

I had thought that, too; had thought of just the person and told him so; a Scotch gentlewoman, a very distant relative of father's, residing, with patient apparent affluence on a pitiable small income, at Dumfries. But I also mentioned to him that daughter, Robena, then a frail little lass of sixteen, might prove an encumbrance.

"Is she pretty, Newton?" laughed Lord Neville.

"She is beautiful beyond all telling!" I had honestly answered.

He looked at me curiously; laughed that merry, boyish, generous laugh of his, which always lighted his face gloriously, and rallied me with.

"Ah, Bob, I see in which quarter the wind lies. They shall come!"

[illegible] ever made them feel dependence, [illegible] Hardie gradually and graciously became the lady of the house; a discreet, wise mother to both; and we were very proud of her fine courtly ways; while Robena, shy shrinking, voiceless Robena, how soon she became our pet and household joy.

I remember, too, how glad I was to have Neville swear he loved Robena as deeply as myself. His goodness had expression in numberless delicate ways which always came to he ras mutual kindnesses and gave her splendid maturing powers fine development in music, in art and in the languages; while her mother's eager almost savage pride in all this was a joy to see.

It still seemed a dream as I sat there to remember the honest college work together; the

> Of many a bright laborious afternoon
> On the old Isis;—"

the sweet home hours of toil and rest and peace; the grand good courage Robena gave us both until the coveted degrees and honors were taken; and, above all, her pride in our well-earned victories which, until now, had alone seemed worth all the hotside struggle.

That was but yesterday. A lifetime of bitterness seemed to have come between. [illegible] in the compartment corner, the agony of the utter change of my life-horizon, lided in its complete blotting out, until prison walls of hopelessness, black as the night against my carriage window, choked and stifled me until I cried out above the roaring of the train.

It had all come, too, in an instant. How could human being so change in a day, or an hour?

We were sitting in the library discussing our future plans. Both Lord Neville and myself had ambition for literary achievement. He had the ability, the genius, the wealth to win almost instant attention and appreciation. I had no doubt of him; and loved to spur on his ambition with, "Neville, you have Byron's genius. Be as great a poet and a safer man!"

As for myself, the old long road through labor for support and eventful preferment on the London dailies, the weeklies, the reviews, and magazines, was to be mine. I was satisfied to toil and wait, and already had good connection with a leading London journal. I had been telling him how soon I hoped to be able to repay him at least in part for his munificent generosities.

"I shall be offended if the matter is ever agin referred to;" he answered in his bright, decisive way.

We were at opposite sides of the library table. His splendid head rested in one hand, and the disengaged hand had unconsciously touched my own, as if to emphasize the protest of his words. My gratitude was so overflowing and tender that I involuntarily raised his hand to my lips. He withdrew it quickly and said:

"Newton, there is another matter we may not be able to settle so easily."

"Why, what can that be, Neville?" I asked with concern.

"Robena!"

"Robena!"

"Yes."

The tone of his voice, the strange expansion and contraction of his eyes and the sudden paleness of his face, instantly revealed to me the gulf of worse than hate which must lay between us forever.

"We can scarcely disagree about Robena, Neville, when you are so much my friend and have known for more than a year that she is to be my wife!" I managed to temporizingly offer.

"Oh, yes, that's all right, Newton;" he returned lightly. "But you ought to have known all along that I loved her quite as deeply as yourself. Now, when two men love one woman, one, or both, must stand aside. To be perfectly plain and end a painful matter, I have decided to take Mrs. Hardie and her daughter under my own wing, Newton!"

"To what end?" I managed to falter. Notwithstanding his astounding impudence and heartlessness, I could not yet believe him a villain.

"I decline to answer any such question. It is enough to say that in all your life you can never be in a position to fittingly provide for two ladies of their cultivation and tastes."

"Is your love for Robena such as to give her the protection of your name, should she consent to wear it, Lord Neville?"

"It is sufficient to make her comfortable and independent for life. A man is a coward who will profess love for any woman before he has acquired that ability."

I now knew he was a villian, however long he had been one. My impulse was to strike him. He saw this, but never quailed. I controlled myself and, instead, sprang toward the ladies' apartments with some swift resolve to know the worst from them. I would have staked my life on Robena's loyalty. But would I not also have staked it upon Neville's honor and friendship, five minutes before? Was the ambitious, patient, polished mother of the woman I loved real author of the subtle cunning behind Lord Neville's insolent assurance?

I remember that when I had reached the door leading to the drawing room it was standing ajar, and that I caught the sound of hastily retreating skirts; and I how knew Robena's mother had listened. My hand was scarcely on the door knob when Lord Neville, without changing his position, spoke quickly and quietly.

"Newton!" he demanded. "Newton, have you forgotten that you are merely a guest here? I should regret having to summon an officer."

What dogs favors and obligations make of men! I was as helpless as his valet against his infamy. Baffled, half-crazed and inconceivably wretched, I turned a pitiful face upon him and appealed to his magnanimity, his honor, our olden friendships, to everything sacred between men. His splendid head still rested in his hand and he was toying idly with his watch fob; while his features were as impassive and restful as in sleep.

"When you are calm and reasonable—say this evening, or in the morning—I would be glad to see you again. Until then, Newton, won't you oblige me, won't you oblige us all, by withdrawing from the house?"

I went out into the sweet old streets of Oxford dazed as one blinded from drink or a blow. Those were the last words I ever heard spoken by the man who had made my youthtide and early manhood almost a heaven, and, who, in a day, had seemingly paleled my whole life. So, as the train thundered on towards Waterloo station, past, present and future was like a horrible dream, and as devoid of hope—save for the one look of pitiful appeal in Robena's white face, beside Lord Neville in his brougham—as the night outside my compartment window was rayless of light.

III.

Our sub-editor had regarded me with watchfulness and concern for a full week.

"Newton," he finally kindly said, "you are not yourself. Your work has no 'go' in it. One of three things is certain. You are suffering mental bygcope after the excitement of your Oxford victories; you are really ill, or you have been jilted. In either case you must have an entire change of environment. 'Ghosts' are just now coming on in the Saturday supplements and the reviews. Leave London at once. Set out for the north. Go as far as the Scotland border if you like. Search out the most ancient parish churches, ruined castles and abbeys and old, deserted manor-houses. Find ghosts. You may give us from one to twenty specials on ghosts. Treat the subject, in authentic instances only, scientifically, philosophically or humorously. See if you cannot really capture a live ghost for us. Good luck and goodbye!"

This partly accounted for my being so soon in the north of England; although I must own that its contiguity to Dumfries, to which city I had already dispatched many unanswered letters and telegrams to Robena and her mother, was the more powerful, though half-unconscious, motive leading me on.

Through all the length of England I had not found a single ghost. Here and there wide vague hints and rumors of ghostly presences and haunted structures; but close research and investigation caused all these village wraiths to vanish into nothingness. My note-book was filled with a mass of rubbishy ghostly traces of the evasive quarry sought.

In this condition of defeat and discouragement, I found myself standing alone, one wild and fog-swept afternoon, with old John Brunskill, porter, on the windy station platform of the lonely little hamlet of Kirby Stephen, among the fells of eastern Westmoreland over against the desolate moors of north-western Yorkshire.

After I had listened for a time to his eager chatter about Roman walls, Roman pottery and Roman coin, for he is a strange, mellow compound of faithful old railway employee and rustic antiquarian, I told him honestly of my literary quest and its ill success.

"Brunskill," I concluded in a burst of professional generosity and zeal, "a guinea for a ghost!"

"Why, sir, ye'll find scores of 'em on Stanemoor, if ye dare walk it in th' grey o' th' evening, sir. An' if ye don't find 'em there, jess step over into Yorkshire, an' ye'll find 'em in any house in dead o' Bowes."

"Then I shall cross the moor and be with the ghosts of Bowes this night;" I answered cheerily.

"So ye will; so ye will, if ye get there at all. But ye'll lose your way in th' fog. Don't go to night, sir. May be we can find a ghost in old Kerby Stephen, if ye're mortal set on having one to-night. Anyhow, ye're like t' be blown from th' road into th' rock beds along th' passes. Bide 'ere till morn' sir!"

I told him I was determined to go; for of all nights when ghosts were liveliest, such a one as was coming on was most favorable; that if I found one on wild Stanemoor or in dead old Bowes, the promised guinea should surely be his; when he recalled a rumor among the rustics of a roundabout, that only within the week another pilgrim had come to the attention of the simple folk of Bowes.

"It's at th' Unicorn Inn," said John Brunskill reflectively and seriously; "an' they do say it's a ghost of a beautiful maiden as sometime met foul play. Th' ol' rat-trap's full o'em anyhow. Ye can take yer pick. But I shall be right glad t' see ye back safe 'ere, sir; guinea or no guinea. Keep t' th' road, sir!" he concluded anxiously. "Never leave it, or ye're a lost man!"

Something in old John Brunskill's hint of the ghost of the beautiful maiden spurred me bravely on over the storm-swept, fog-pounded Stanemoor. Strangely, too, despite my efforts to reason it down, I saw in the face of this wraith of Bowes the one white face haunting every waking and sleeping hour of my life. I plunged through the tempest with such marvelous elation as I had never before known; almost with the heart thrill of hastening to my own!

The wild, grand sweeps of country usually visible from the peak of the mountain moor was denied; but I at last stood beside Rere Cross, unmolested by witch or warlock, and recalled the meaning of the grey old cross that stood there as sturdy for more than 800 years.

William the Conqueror, and Malcolm, King of Scotland, met here with their armies to decide, by battle, the boundaries of their respective kingdoms. Instead of fighting they wisely feasted. Wiser still, they decided that the very spot should mark the boundary. Thereupon they caused a cross to be set up. On one side was graven the image of William; on the other, that of Malcolm. They named it the Rot Cross, the "Cross of the Kings."

Time had corrupted the name to Rere Cross. It has eaten away its images, lopped off the arms, and gnawed off its head. But it is Rotre, or Rere Cross still, and marks the boundary of the shires of York and Westmoreland to-day. It was the one thing to be clung to as the storm swept over the mountain.

The night seemed to fall upon Stanemoor as though driven upon the earth out of the storm itself. Descending the eastern declivity the roar of invisible torrents, the creation of an hour, was terrible. Thanks to the Romans who had built the road it was broad, sure and as eternal as Stanemoor itself. Whipped, pounded and beaten along for what seemed hours, my feet struck cobblestones.

Dead old Bowes at last!

No human being had ever so loved to be in Bowes before. But where was the hamlet, after all? No light from candle or lamp gleamed from window within it. Here and there along the sig-zag street a faint glimmer flushed against some tiny panes. Peering within, old and palsied crones, bent and trembling, were here and there seen crouching over flickering embers of meagre fires.

Drenched from rotten thatches, startled by the storm lashed trees, and now thoroughly frightened from the prospect of no resting place for the night, I felt my way along what seemed to be the street facade of some large structure, and, coming to its corner, 'shrunk along this, where I halted for a little, well out of the full power of the increasing tempest.

Scarcely had sufficient time elapsed to permit my getting my back against the building before there was an astounding splattering rush in the darkness. My legs escaped the fury of the object making it but with a return attack the ample tails of my storm-coat were gathered in a sort of voiceless vice which only death or a master's command can loosen. Few were the snuffles and snortings caused by the working of the four-legged mechanism. Its forces were exclusively devoted to effort. That effort was certainly one of bringing a prize into port.

Necessarily yielding without protest to the spirit of the occasion, I moved with its movements and tacked with its tackings. In a zigzag attitude of gentle though inexpressive inquiry, I was brought, now sidewise, now backwise along the vast open court into a stony archway, up stone stairs, down stone staircases, through other stone archways, all in utter darkness, into a little room not ten feet square, where, beneath rows of copper measures and behind a black old mahogany bar nearly as high as his head, a grinning, frowsy, puffy-faced publican was looking benignly down upon a half a dozen gigantic Yorkshire ploughboys.

These, already well-befuddled with liquor and pounding the deal table violently with their mugs, were lustily roaring:

> "York, York for my monie;
> Of all the places I ever did see,
> This is the best for good companie,
> Except the city of Lunnon!"

They roared louder still when I stood before them held fast and motionless by a magnificent bull-dog. The ugly-looking Boniface quietly reached for a hugh club. This he brought down with a crash upon the table enforcing silence in that quarter; and then thanking his dog for his oddly-secured guest with a cruel thump, which released me, he led the way through the labyrinths of cobwebbed arched hallways and huge deserted rooms to a wretched apartment, and, pointing to a bed scarcely better than a pile of rags, turned without a word of civility to take his departure.

"One moment, landlord," I said beginning to remove my hat and dripping mackintosh. "I am a ghost-hunter."

He dropped the candle from his hand; snatched it hastily from the floor and scoured at me suspiciously.

"That is why I came to the Unicorn. There are ghosts about the old place I am told. If they are genuine, and you can treat me nicely while I remain, I will make the old inn so famous that your business and profits will be largely increased."

"Ghosts do pay!" he returned thoughtfully, but still with much caution and suspicion. "His lordship remarked as much."

"His lordship!" I was sore on the subject of the nobility and spoke hotly.

"Why—yes—that is—one as comes here now an' agin." Then stiffening up noticeably: "Well, we have no ghosts as is ever seen."

"How about the one of the beautiful maiden that recently made her appearance here?"

"Her?" He stumbled outside of the door; grasped the latch and slammed it shut; then opened it an inch or two and stammered: "Oh, she's not worth mindin'. Jess raps and moans out a little by day an' night. You won't heed such foolishness as hers. It's the old, prowlin' ghosts you'll doubtless be wantin', sir. Good-night!"

With this he slammed the door and stumped away down the echoing passages.

This was the once famous George, now the Unicorn Inn. Eight coaches, bound to London, or Glasgow, daily changed horses here in the good old coaching days. Dickens and his friend Halbot Browne, had occupied this very room, our cheerful parlor chamber, when the former was making his studies for "Dotherboys Hall," which still stands a wraithful memento to olden Yorkshire schoolboy horrors, not half a mile away.

Thoroughly exhausted, I put out my light and flung myself upon the miserable bed. Sleep, I thought, will safely shut all hateful things from him who will come with a storm over Stanemoor's wilds. I was soon, despite the creaking, groaning and moaning of the old structure, in a gentle doze. Suddenly I awakened from this.

Someone was surely rapping at my door. I sprang from my bed; lit my candle; flung open the door and peered down the low, long hallway. No one was there. Returning to my room, I endavored to locate the mysterious sounds. At last I caught them sure and true. They came from the oaken wall behind my bed. I climbed upon it and with my pocket-knife clicked back sounds which I hoped might mean an answer. The rappings from the other side came louder, even impetuously. I answered again. Another little burst of rappings; and then a long silence.

Directly I heard a few sharp rappings, and a moment after a rustling sound against the ceiling. The sagging of beams had left a little hollow there, unobservable from the floor; but I was amazed to see a strip of white pasteboard slowly protruding through the crevice. It seemed to halt and wedge at times. Before I could reach it from my bed, it had suddenly shot to the centre of the room, and fell fluttertigly beside the table.

I grasped it and looked carefully for some message. There was none to be seen. I examined it closely running the candle along both sides. Then I found scratches upon it resembling writing. They were almost illegible. Ah, here was something—and here—and here!

"I.....prisoned.....Help!"

This much I at last deciphered, and it was enough.

I rapped loudly on the oaken wall to apprise this ghost which could so cunningly make known its needs, that its message was understood. In a minute more I had forced a door, opposite the one I had entered, and stood in a large unused passage, way choked with the accumulated dust and cobwebs of half a century. Four big, winding stairs led by a left at the rack. With great effort I raised the rusty latch and stood in a hugh attic among what my imagination conjured as a myriad cavortnig rats. I scattered them with chunks of plaster, and groping about found a division wall of oak running through this attic to the roof in such a way that I felt sure the apartment it formed extended above the main roof of the old structure. I tapped gently against this, and response came, seemingly far below.

The roof was my only recourse then, and I at last reached it through an odd little former window. It was slippery from the storm, but I floundered about upon it until I had located a tiny half-story rising above it. With a bit of broken tile I rapped upon its side. There was no response for a time; but at last several strokes, as if by something raised high above one's head, almost beside me startled me.

Just then a faint flash of lightning revealed the whole series of roofs of the huge, ancient structure, court-yard, paddocks and all. It also showed an abrupt side wall, with its entire length, beside an open field, straggling on beyond the old inn offices to the near railway station, a little distance to the north. I waited and prayed for another bit of heavens' light, and at last it came in tremors and pulses lasting long enough to disclose a flat bit of roof with ramshackle outer stairs descending to somewhere below.

In a moment I was upon these. The second story reached, I found myself upon the floor of a sunken gallery. Stairs led from this to the ground and a narrow passage penetrated the inn. Into this passage I slowly crept, my hands feeling the way. They soon touched upright oaken bars, and, slipping between, struck tiny panes of glass.

The next intant I was both terrified and astounded. I heard the landlord and his dog moving about within the ground story below and—my hands were clutched and held by other hands; hands dainty and warm as those of my lost love's, while a pathetic, desperate whisper reached my ears:

"In God's name!—rescue me from this place!"

"I will! I will! But quick, now! Be silent and listen. Your safety depends wholly on implicitly obeying me and not speaking above your breath. Take your hands from mine!"

I had part of an oaken chair-leg I had brought from my room. With this I softly pried the lower end of two bars from their fastenings, and put them back in place.

"Here! Put your hands on these. Can you get through this pace?"

"Yes, yes, yes! Shall I come now?"

"Impossible! Have you any manner of timepiece where you are?"

"Yes, my watch."

"Good! Appear to be quiet and asleep until morning. Make no further sound. At exactly half-past seven o'clock steal out through the opening; descend the stairs; I will engage the landlord's attention in the courtyard; skulk along the inn wall through the open field, follow the wall and [illegible] beyond which leads to within a few feet of the railway station; crouch down there any way so as to escape notice and lie there quietly until you hear the whistle of the train due from Darlington at seven-fifty."

"Yes, yes, yes!"

"I will be at the station, with two first-class bookings for Kirby Stephen or Carlisle. The instant the train halts, step with assurance into any compartment you see empty, or nearly so. I will follow you and render any additional assistance necessary. Do you fully comprehend all? Will you absolutely follow my directions?"

"Yes! In heaven's name, yes. Go away instantly. Some one is coming!"

A thrill that almost unsettled me with past recollections was in that last handclasp. I slipped from the narrow passageway; almost bounded up the rickety stairs; gained the eaves in safety and was peering and listening into the darkness below as a faint flush of lightening glimmering above hag-haunted Stanemoor disclosed the villainous landlord and his savage dog on the first landing in the dark area below. He stood club in hand, listening. The storm was in my own and the Unicorn ghost's favor. He had heard nothing unusual, and after grumblingly prodding the wiser animal than himself beside him, returned within to his vigils or his bed; while I hastily scrambled over broken tiles, among rats and through cobwebs to my room—strangely, almost wildly stirred by the extraordinary venture, but gratified that I had at last discovered a live ghost worth at least two columns for the journal I had of late so poorly served.

The morning seemed an age in coming. At last the landlord appeared. May I be forgiven for the tremendous breakfast I ordered for ten o'clock, on the plea that I was to take an early train over to Kirby Stephen and return, for my camera and luggage.

"Yes, and while I think of it," I raid gaily, tossing him a sovereign, "make it breakfast for two. That ghost of yours kept me awake all night. With your permission I will breakfast with her!"

He looked at me quizzically and shook his head. In five minutes more I was standing beside the train at Bowes Station. I was abiaze with excitement lest the ghost of the Unicorn might fail me. No! The slender form of a veiled woman glided across the tracks; ran up the station steps and in an instant had entered a compartment of the train. I stepped swiftly within the same compartment. For a moment I was heedless of the ghost, for Lord Neville, portmanteau in hand, sprang from the train, just as it was moving out. I leaned from the window and shook my clenched fist at him. He turned with livid face, jumped for the foot-guard of the last carriage, missed it, struck the moving train and was hurled back insensible on the platform.

I heard a shriek behind me. A long, fair arm, pointing to his prostrate form, quivered by my side, while a voice I knew beside my face cried out,

"That—that is the man who imprisoned me!"

We were in each other's arms, Robena Hardie and I, in another instant; our radiant faces were both at the window at Kirkby Stephen, where our train did not halt, that we might wildly call out to old John Brunskill, fling him his guinea and excitedly pantomime that the ghost of dead old Bowes was beside me; but now that I possess such extraordinary materials for a "special" on ghosts for our journal, my confusion over its personal character and my ecstatic happiness will prevent me, at least for a time, from placing them coherently together.

A Terrible Case of Suffering.

The dreadful suffering of a man with Cholera Morbus was painfully illustrated in New York a few days ago, when an individual from the rural districts who had been filling himself with all sorts of good but indigestible things, was struck down on Broadway and had to be carried into a hotel, where two doctors worked at him for an hour before he was out of danger. A teaspoonful of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, and a flannel cloth saturated with the medicine, and applied to his stomach, would have relieved him almost instantly. Get 25c. New Big Bottle.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

H. DUNSMUIR,
A. SHARP,

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

YOUR FRIENDS IN THE EAST

Are all anxious to know all about Vancouver Island and British Columbia .....

EVERY RESIDENT of British Columbia who travels in the East is kept busy answering the many questions asked about the new El Dorado of the Pacific Northwest, and the indications are that hundreds of Eastern capitalists, merchants, bankers, farmers fruit growers, mechanics, etc., are turning Westward Ho! with British Columbia as an objective point. It goes without saying that every resident of this Province is interested in the development of our many resources and glad of an opportunity to supply their friends with reliable information concerning this country and its many attractions for the tourist and homeseeker.

THE WEEKLY TIMES

18

A Well-Edited 16-page Paper,

Filled each week with news from all points of the Northwest, will tell the story of the happenings in this section of the Dominion of Canada in an interesting and acceptable manner. Why not send a copy regularly to your friends, relatives and acquaintances back East? It is cheaper than writing letters and a saving of much labor. Terms are as follows:

WEEKLY, six months - - $1.00
WEEKLY, one year - - - $2.00

Sample copies sent free to any address. All orders should be addressed to

The TIMES P. & P. Co.,
Victoria, B.C.

We are Showing Boys' Scotch and English Tweed Suits at Greatly Reduced Prices. Also 100 Pairs Boys' Knicker Pants at $1 per pair, just Received. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

THE DAY WE CELEBRATE.

Denny Murphy Delivers a Stirring Lecture on the National Holiday.

The Many Reasons for Canada's Pride and Her Hopes for the Future.

At the Caledonian grounds yesterday morning, before the ball game, Denny Murphy, British Columbia's able young orator, delivered a splendid Dominion Day address. It was heard by a crowd numbering several hundred people, and the speaker was frequently interrupted with cheers. A summary of the address is given below:

Mr. Murphy opened by stating that it would be with the greatest pleasure that he found himself called on to say a few words on Canada were he not full conscious of his inability to do justice to a subject that might well tax the powers of the greatest orators to the utmost. His only excuse for making the attempt was that it had been determined that the speaker of the day should be a Canadian and a British Columbian, and he was proud to say he was both one and the other. He then referred to the wisdom of the policy of all nations in setting aside one day in the year as a national holiday, and pointed out that this was especially a wise policy for Canada to pursue, owing to its being practically a new country, and therefore requiring a spirit of strong patriotism in its people. He thought the enthusiastic celebration of Dominion Day one of the most powerful factors in effecting that fusion of the different races and creeds that constitutes the people of the Dominion, which should be the primary object of every the Canadian. Continuing, he referred briefly to the labors of the fathers of confederation, showing that theirs was no easy task, as they had to contend not only against races and creeds, but against a spirit of national hatred, which had been intensified in Canada by the relative position of the two peoples as conquerors and conquered. Despite this, he considered the constitution they had given to Canada second to none in the world, because under it Canadians enjoyed the freedom of a republic combined with the stability of a monarchy. The first duty of a nation was to preserve the life and property of its citizens, the second to develop the resources which nature had placed at its disposal in order to advance their welfare. As to the former, he deemed that in no country in the world was the administration of justice more pure or more thorough than in the Dominion, and in no province was it more so than in British Columbia. As to the latter, gigantic steps forward had been taken in the last few years. Twenty-seven years ago Canada was made up of isolated settlements; now it is stretched in one unbroken territory from the Atlantic to the Pacific; the iron horse sped without a single break in his career from Halifax to Vancouver; line of steamers ran from China and Japan to Victoria and Vancouver, and negotiations were now going on to secure a fast Atlantic service. When this was obtained Canada would have the shortest, the swiftest and the most thoroughly equipped road wherewith to carry the goods of the crowded Orient to the markets of Europe. Still more, Canada now had a waterway stretching from the Atlantic to Lake Superior, every inch of which ran through Canadian soil. Much, then, had already been done to make Canada a great nation, and all that was required was that Canadians themselves should have faith in their country to make of the Dominion the brightest gem in the British crown. Of all Canada British Columbia was the most promising in glorious possibilities of future development. It lay with the young men of the country to carry on the work their fathers, the hardy pioneers, had so well begun. That noble class of men was fast passing away. The recent death of Sir Matthew Baillie Begbie had removed one of the most upright, the most conscientious and the most courageous amongst them. The young men must prove that they were chips of the old pioneer blocks by showing the same dauntless courage, the same invincible determination in developing the resources of the country as their forefathers had displayed. They should take a patriotic pride in their country, for it was the land in which they had drawn their first breath, which had reared them kindly to strength and manhood, which had been their mother and tender nurse; the land for which their fathers fought, bled and many of them died, the land which had been their cradle and which they hoped would be their tomb. They should then form themselves into one solid phalanx ready to work for their country, fight for her, die for her if necessary, and if they were thus actuated throughout life by that principle which placed their country next to their God, they might be sure that the great master of nations would look upon their native land with a kindly eye and would lead her forward on the path of progress till the name of Canada would stand first on the scroll of fame.

Closed for the Holidays.

There was a large and appreciative audience present to witness the closing of the Highland school on Friday. An excellent programme was rendered by the pupils, which reflected great credit on the teacher. The school room was beautifully decorated with evergreens and white roses, which together with the bright dresses and happy faces of the children presented a pleasing appearance. Refreshments were served during the afternoon and all present decided on the success of the affair. Deep regret was expressed by all present on the retirement of the teacher, Miss Jessie Grant Fraser, who is discontinuing her duties there and who has won the esteem of both parents and pupils.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. lw&w

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

News of the Week Gleaned from the Inland Exchanges.

Kootenay Mail.

Thomas Coggins died on Tuesday morning at the Senate hotel, and was buried in Revelstoke cemetery on Wednesday. Deceased had been acting as foreman under J. H. O'Leary, contractor on the Revelstoke & Arrow Lake railway.

The trains are now running with something like regularity on the C. P. R. The bridge has been rebuilt at the 13th crossing, and the tedious job of transferring passengers, mails and baggage is a thing of the past. The company has been accorded great praise by the belated passengers for the excellent treatment they received and courteousness of its officials.

James Peebles died on Wednesday at 1 a.m., at the Central Hotel, Revelstoke, where he had been staying for some months past. Deceased was born in Dundee, Scotland, in 1857, and came to America in 1874. He followed the C. P. R. contruction as boarding house keeper through Western Ontario and the Northwest Territories. He worked for McGillivray last winter on the R. & A. L. R. One of his sisters is Mrs. McNaughton of Quesnelle, wife of the H. B. agent at that place; another sister resides in Dundee, and his brother is a furniture dealer in New Westminster. Deceased leaves some real estate in Calgary.

(Inland Sentinel.)

At the 144-Mile House, Cariboo road, on Sunday, June 3, after a short illness, Henry Felker, sr., passed peacefully away, surrounded by all his family, aged 66 years. He was a native of Hanover, Germany, and an old pioneer, having come to the country in 1858. He resided at Yale until 1862. When the Cariboo gold excitement commenced he, with his family proceeded up the Cariboo road, where he for some years kept the well known Blue Tent hotel. He leaves a widow, four sons and two daughters to mourn his loss.

A highway robbery is reported from Spence's bridge. On Wednesday a stranger called at the house of Mr. H. Michael, living near Spence's bridge, and was given his breakfast. An hour or two afterwards the stranger met Michael and seizing him by the throat choked him with one hand while he searched his pockets with the other. Michael says he lost $162. He was unable to pursue the man, but came to Kamloops yesterday morning and reported the case to Mr. G. C. Tunstall, government agent.

On Saturday last the Douglas Lake Indian Tom, upon whose neck a tumor has been gathering for years, was successfully operated upon by Drs. Lambert, Sutton and Furrer. This tumor had reached an enormous size, until it filled the whole space between his head and shoulders, and was of great trouble and pain to him, so much so indeed, that he was ready to risk life itself to have it removed. He was taken to the church at the mission on the Indian reserve to have the work done. The cutting was about eight inches across, so that the operation was attended with great danger, nevertheless he came through it bravely and has continued to improve steadily since, until within a day or two he will be able to return home. Mr. A. E. Howse of Nicola and two or three others were present. Tom has a record for heroism, which has gained him the friendship of all who know him. A number of years ago he saved the life of a woman and two children who had been thrown into the river from a load while crossing the river near Douglas lake. He jumped into the ice cold water and rescued the woman and one child, and immediately returned and caught the second child as it was going down. His general character for trustworthiness has placed him in such high esteem that several of the ranchers subscribed the necessary money to have the operation performed.

Fairview Advance.

The Skylark ore assays broke its record June 14th. Ore from the north slope in working quantities ran 1282 1-5 oz. in silver; gold not weighed.

Those who wish to see first-class whipsawed lumber should visit the Skylark camp, where Mr. H. Peale turns out anything from an inch board to a four-inch plank. This costs the mine owners $50 per thousand.

Messrs. Sheehan and Watkins, of the Stemwinder, are still pluckily developing their property, and with the very best results. The ore lately uncovered in the main ledge shows free gold all through and pans enormously.

A new strike was lately made by Mr. W. T. Smith on Boundary Mountain, some two miles north of the old Dewdney trail, who has put on some men to open up the ledge. The ore on the surface is free milling gold quartz. The vein is three feet in width, and samples $20 in free gold. If development work justifies the expenditure, a mill will be erected on the claim by Spokane parties.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.

He Offered the Best Security He Had and She Accepted.

"Talk about romantic marriages," ejaculated a Washington man the other day, "There goes a couple up Fifteenth street who came together in the most remarkable way you ever heard of, and who are enjoying a great deal of happiness, too. Don't mention any names and I'll tell you the story. Some time ago the man, who was in the real estate business, advertised for a sum of money, repayment of which would be guaranteed by unquestioned security. The advertisement met the eye of a young and buxom widow, who had several thousand dollars she wanted to invest, and she answered it in person. When she visited the advertiser's office she was [illegible] with his appearance and had an opportunity to study him perhaps, because there were several callers before her. At last he was disengaged, and stating her business the widow inquired what security would be given for the loan.

'Madam,' said the agent, 'I am a man of ups and downs in the world; now successful and then unfortunate. Sometimes I am on my way to the executive mansion and at others my pathway leads to the workhouse. But such as I am I offer myself as security for the loan I have advertised for. Marriage, madam, marriage, is the security I offer you.'

"Naturally the widow was flustrated, and shortly withdrew, stammering out, with violent blushing, that she would consider the proposition. That her consideration must have been favorable goes without saying, because they were married less than two weeks afterwards, and they are just as happy, to all appearance, as if their courtship had been two years long."

The danger of Milk.

Are you giving your baby cow's milk or any food requiring cow's milk in preparation?

Any doctor will tell you that the worst forms of tubercular disease are conveyed through the medium of cow's milk. In this connection

Nestlé's Food

is invaluable, as with the addition of water only it is a safe and entire diet for infants.

A large sample and our book "The Baby" sent on application.

Thos. Leeming & Co., 25 St. Peter St. Sole Agents for Canada. Montreal.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

NOTICE.

A meeting of the creditors in the estate of Monroe Miller will be held at the office, 77 Johnson street, on Tuesday, July 10th, at 11 o'clock a.m.

BUSINESS: To receive balance sheet and report of assignee for the preceding twelve months. All interested are requested to attend in person or by proxy.

June 28-eod-td THOS. T. HULL, Assignee.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its sitting to be held on the second Wednesday in the month of September next, for a transfer to George Richardson, of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Windsor Hotel situate at the corner of Government and Courtney streets in the City of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of June, 1894.

5-1m ALEX. McDONALD.

Land Registry Act.

Sub-lot 18 of Lots 34 and 36, Springfield Estate (Map 297), Esquimalt District.

Whereas the certificates of title of Ernest Schurch to the above hereditaments bearing date the 7th April, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. M. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 26th June, 1894. jn30-1m

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. D. G. DUNN & CO. Wholesale Agents for Canada.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

"The Rain it Raineth Every Day."

What a comfort it is to walk down town in the morning wrapped in the luxurious embrace of a

RIGBY POROUS WATERPROOF COAT

all dry and comfortable, while those of one's less fortunate friends shiver and endure the old style of waterproof garment. But people are rapidly becoming educated to better things, and the cold, clammy, air-tight rubber waterproof is fast disappearing.

AUCTION SALES.

ABSOLUTE SALE BY AUCTION

NOTICE TO INVESTORS.

Four houses and two lots, Nos. 70 and 72, sub. lot 69, Fernwood Estate, plan No. 302, mine street, north of Stanley avenue, will be sold at my salesrooms, Wharf Broughton streets.

Saturday, July 7th, at 12 o'clock noon.

Without reserve. For further particulars apply to E. M. Johnson, Government and Broughton street.

je26-eod G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—Brit. University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

fe13 s,m,tf&w 1y]

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Having discontinued the sale of Wellington Coal, my customers will please settle their accounts before the 1st of July next. Present office, Railway Wood and Coal Office, Store street.

W. WALKER.

Victoria, June 20. td

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE.

Michigan St. from Menzies to Powell Sts. will be closed till further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

jn22-tf

NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Donald Urquhart, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to or having claims against the above estate are to make payment to or application for payment as the case may be to the undersigned.

Dated 19th June, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street, Victoria,
Solicitor for Alexander Urquhart the executor. jl9-1m

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

CHOLERA MORBUS AND CHOLERA MORBUS
ALWAYS PROMPTLY CURED BY
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.

America Illustrated!

MUCH FOR LITTLE.

That is what you get when you clip coupons from the Times and get our Magnificent Art Portfolio, "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED."

$20.00 FOR $2.00.

That is about the size of it. There will be twenty parts which will cost you but 10 cents a part, with one coupon from the Times. Art works have been sold around the country at one dollar a part, which did not equal "America Photographed" in artistic beauty.

THE BEST OF ALL.

No other Portfolio issued equals "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED. Its beautiful photographic engravings are each 11x13 inches in size, and are accompanied by accurate and entertaining descriptions.

PART 12 NOW OFFERED

The completed series will be a grand collection of art, and the fund of information its pages impart will be of inestimable value.

DO NOT FAIL TO SECURE IT.

HOW TO GET BACK NUMBERS: To those who have been unable to secure the preceding numbers of "AMERICA PHOTOGRAPHED," and desire to start in now and complete the great work, we offer a combination coupon, one of which with 10 cents for each part will procure a complete series.

Canada | Part 4 Coupon.

A COUPON APPEARS IN ALL ISSUES OF THIS PAPER.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

Name_____

Address_____

N. B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 13.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 13 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Back numbers, beginning at No. 1, may still be obtained at Times office.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DOMINION DAY SPORTS.

Victoria Wins Two Lacrosse Games at Vancouver Yesterday Afternoon.

Cricketers Also Win at New Westminster—Local and Other Sporting Events.

"As lacrosse players Victorians are all right." That is the opinion that has been frequently expressed on the streets during the last twenty-four hours. Three matches won by three teams from one city in three days, is a record that any city might feel proud of. The James Bay junior team started the ball rolling when on Saturday they journeyed to Nanaimo and defeated a team in that city by four games to two. It was an easy win for the boys, although the Nanaimo men were by far the heavier. But then the Bays are much better stick handlers, and they played a good team game.

The Stars, another junior team from Victoria, continued the record started by the Bays, and yesterday morning they won from the Vancouver juniors by five goals to one. The Stars being short a few men, several members of the Bays were pressed into service, and the combination team had it all their own way, the Vancouver juniors being outplayed at every point. This is a good sign of the improvement made in the junior teams of Victoria during the year, as last year the Vancouver juniors won without an effort.

Then came the big match, the fifth of the scheduled games in the British Columbia Lacrosse Association, Victoria v. Vancouver at Vancouver. Both teams had been hard at work, determined to play their best game. The teams, it was thought, were pretty evenly matched, but the game had not been long started before it was evident to all that Victoria had by far the best of it. The Vancouver captain was not the last to recognize this, as he placed all his men on the defence and played a defence game from start to finish. "Chub" Quigley played on Ross Eckhardt, Spain on Archie Macnaughton and Suckling on Frank Cullin, but even this strong defence could do little against Victoria's home, who played a splendid game. Suckling, Vancouver's veteran, could not hold his own against Victoria's youngest home man, Frank Cullin. Ross Eckhardt and Macnaughton did not overlook any chances, although they were closely watched by Quigley and Spain. The home field and centre kept the ball at Victoria's end, while the defence promptly responded whenever called upon. Patterson and Cusack showed a great deal of improvement through practice with the older players. W. Cullin, the veteran goalkeeper, guarded the flags for Victoria in the absence of Jackson. All the other players played good lacrosse, showing what they can do after practicing. Victoria's games were scored by Frank Cullin, Ross Eckhardt, Archie Macnaughton and W. E. Ditchburn. D. Smith and M. Peard scored for Vancouver. Victoria won the first game in ten minutes and the second in thirteen minutes; Vancouver won the third game in eight minutes and the fourth in one; Victoria won the fifth game in six minutes and the seventh in twenty-one minutes, and Vancouver won the seventh in three minutes. In the sixth game Peard was hurt and he and Cusack went off. W. Clark captained the Victorians and Smith the Vancouvers. J. McDonald of Winnipeg was referee; J. M. Bowell and Major Quinlan umpires. The game was devoid of rough play, being a grand exhibition of lacrosse.

Victoria will now prepare for the match with Westminster on the 14th.

The standing of the teams is as follows:

	Played	Won	Lost
Westminster	3	3	0
Victoria	3	2	1
Vancouver	4	0	4

LAWERS—MERCHANTS.

At Caledonian grounds on Saturday afternoon the lawyers lacrosse club beat the commission merchants 4 to 0. It was a brilliant game, the lawyers as usual having pretty much the best of it all through. There was a good crowd in attendance, and the B. C. B. G. A. band played some nice selections.

CRICKET.

VICTORIA AT WESTMINSTER.

The Victoria cricket club defeated New Westminster yesterday by an innings and one run. The wicket played remarkably fast, and Mr. Pooley having won the toss very wisely went to the bat. Foulkes 44, Morley 31, Wallis 22 and W. A. Ward 17, scored fast off the New Westminster bowling, and eight changes were tried before the Victoria team was dismissed for 141. New Westminster making 79 in their first innings, had to follow on, and at their second attempt were dismissed for 61, Malins being top scorer with 20 runs.

ALBIONS V. VICTORIAS.

This was played on the Albion grounds yesterday, resulting in an easy victory for the Albions by 108 runs. Captain Worden winning the toss decided to send his team to bat first, Frost and Worden facing the bowling of Wolley and Crabbe. The venture began badly, three wickets being down for eight runs. H. Martin improved matters by making eleven. Swinerton joined Schwengers, and a decided stand was now made. Bowler after bowler was tried without effect. At last Swinerton was taken in the slips having played well for about sixteen runs. Green followed next, and after making seven was bowled by Perry. With the score at 92 Schwengers returned one to Wolley, having made 36 by careful and patient play. J. B. Martin and Hewitt made a good stand for the last wicket, both batsmen hitting vigorously, until the former was taken by Dr. McNicken for 22, Hewitt being not out 14. The eleven of the Victoria [illegible] club now went in with a formidable task before them, but within half an hour they were all dismissed by the splendid bowling of Anderson and Howard for the small total of 23. Having to follow on, they lost five wickets for 24, when time was called. Below is the score and bowling analysis:

ALBION C. C.

C. Frost, c Irvine, b Crabbe	0
J. H. Warden, b Crabbe	0
H. J. Martin, b Woolley	11
W. H. Howard, b Woolley	0
C. Schwengers, c and b Woolley	36
R. H. Swinerton, c Owen, b Woolley	19
A. Green, b Perry	7
A. C. Anderson, b Woolley	2
J. E. Martin, c Helmcken, b Owens	22
F. W. Thomas, c Helmcken, b Woolley	0
H. F. Hewitt, not out	14
Extras	14
Total	131

VICTORIA C. C.

K. Crabbe, b Howard	1
A. F. Owens, c Hewitt, b Anderson	1
W. Duncan, b Anderson	1
R. J. Perry, b Howard	1
Truieu, b Anderson	5
J. Helmcken, c Thomas, b Howard	3
P. A. Irvine, b Howard	2
C. P. Woolley, b Howard	1
K. McCrae, run out	0
A. S. Potts, not out	1
F. Foster, b Anderson	0
Extras	1
Total	23

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Victoria.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
C. P. Woolley	30	6	48	6
K. Crabbe	17	5	23	2
A. F. Owens	7	1	9	1
R. J. Perry	9	2	17	1
W. Duncan	6	0	15	0
A. E. Irvine	3	0	5	0

ALBIONS.

Anderson	8	2	13	4
Howard	6	1	9	5

THE GUN.

MONTHLY MEETING.

The regular monthly meeting of the Victoria Gun club will be held this evening at the Hotel Victoria. It is important that everyone connected with the club should be there, as final arrangements will be made for the hunters' picnic and a programme drawn up for the same. The Nanaimo tournament which takes place to-morrow will also be discussed, and other business of importance transacted.

The Victoria Gun club recently imported a number of English partridge eggs which were immediately put under hens at the farm of Mr. Ben Moore, Cedar Hill. The eggs were well packed and arrived in sound condition.

FOOTBALL.

The Wanderers will play the following team in the five a side contest in the Caledonian sports on July 4th: Blackburn, Hook, Dakers, McCann and Peden.

BASEBALL.

V.A.C. VS. JAMES BAY.

The game of baseball at the Caledonia grounds yesterday morning between the V.A.C. and James Bay Clubs was won by the former by a score of 22 to 18. The contest was remarkable for terrific hitting, errors, and the time it took to finish the game. Lenfesty and Schultz did the pitching and were both hit very hard, the James Bays making 18 hits for a total of 30 bases and the V.A.C. club 20 hits for a total of 32 bases. There was a very fair attendance and the game was an interesting one. The appended summary of the score tells the story of the game. Runs by innings:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
James Bays	5	1	0	2	2	0	1	1	0	18
V.A.C.	6	2	2	0	0	1	4	7	0	22

Summary—2 base hits, Burnes, Duck, Lenfesty, Gouge, Partridge; 3 base hits, Lenfesty 2, Gus Gowen, Geo. Gowen; sacrifice hits, Huxtable 2, Geo. Gowen, Scott; double play, Lenfesty, Smith, Partridge; stolen bases, James Bays 8, V.A.C. 5; bases on balls, James Bay 4; hit by pitcher, F. Smith; struck out by Lenfesty 7, Schultz 2; passed balls, Smith 4, Gowen 4; wild pitches, Lenfesty 3; Schultz 1. Time of game 2:40, and umpire, Edwards.

Firemens' tournament at Port Angeles to-morrow. Go over on the Islander at 9 a.m., 2 p.m. or 6 p.m.

QUEBEC JUDGES.

Mr. Tarte's New Move—Mr. Kennedy's Threat of Disclosures.

Ottawa, July 3.—Mr. Tarte wrote to the premier to-day stating that he intended to bring up in the house certain charges against some of the judges in the province of Quebec.

Kennedy, the ex-superintendent of the Lachine Canal, has been summoned here to give evidence in the Curran bridge enquiry. He says that he will tell a story that will dethrone some of those high in office.

Invitations have been sent out for an "At home" on Parliament Hill on Thursday evening. The gathering will include the imperial and colonial delegates. The patronesses are the wives of ministers.

The colonial conference was sitting all forenoon discussing the Pacific cable scheme. It will meet again in the afternoon.

For a pleasant trip, go to Port Angeles on the Islander.

Political.

The Kootenay Mail, a neutral paper with government leanings, says: J. M. Kellie and W. M. Brown, government and opposition candidates for the north riding of Kootenay, held a joint meeting in Peterson's Hall, Revelstoke, Saturday night, this being the first of the kind and the opening of the real work of the campaign. The hall was crowded and the audience accorded an impartial hearing to each speaker, and no interruptions of a very serious nature occurred throughout the four hours the meeting was in progress, for it was close on midnight when the proceedings terminated. Both candidates were liberally applauded by their friends and supporters [illegible] about seven to one, divided.

The Kamloops Sentinel (Davieite) says: A political meeting in Mr. H. McCutcheon's interest was held in the North Thompson school house on Thursday afternoon. Mr. T. Roadley presided. Mr. McCutcheon and Mr. Martin spoke; both being satisfied with the results.

Proclamations have been issued by the returning officer for Yale, McLean and Morris, announcing that the nomination will be held on July 4th and the election on the 18th. Owing to the delay in the mail service caused by the late washouts it was impossible for the election writ to reach the constituency in time to have the election on the same dates as in the coast constituencies, and as the proclamation has, by the act, to be posted at every polling station for eight days preceding the date of nomination, the above dates are the earliest that could be made. Special messengers were dispatched to other outlying districts as soon as the date was fixed.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Falconer returned home on Sunday.

Mrs. Landes of Port Townsend is in the city.

E. B. Ainsworth, of Seattle, is in the city.

J. W. Horne, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Dr. Walkem, of Nanaimo, was at the Driard yesterday.

Arthur Robertson and bride have returned from the east.

Harry Connon returned from the Sound on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. A. Allen came up from California on the City of Puebla.

F. J. Claxton was a passenger from Vancouver on Sunday evening.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge returned on Sunday from San Francisco.

G. V. Cuppage was a passenger from the Sound on Sunday afternoon.

R. H. Bryce, of Winnipeg, and W. L. Ogle, of Toronto, are at the Driard.

J. N. Senkler and J. G. Goldberg, of Vancouver, were at the Driard on Sunday.

Miss D. Dubois left this morning on a visit to Tacoma with her sister Mrs. Ashby.

R. C. Stevens, general agent at Seattle for the Great Northern railway, is in the city.

D. R. Ker and bride returned from California on Sunday. They are at the Mount Baker.

E. H. Fletcher, P. O. Inspector, and Mrs. Fletcher returned from the Mainland on Sunday.

Henry S. Mason has resigned his position as director of the B. C. Land & Investment Agency.

J. R. Fagan, of the custom house, Vancouver, and E. A. Quigley, of the C.P.R., Vancouver, are at the Driard.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—E B Hill, Yoadel & Sinclair, Falconer Vinegar Works, Oppenheimer Bros.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver, July 2—W M Matthews, Armour & Co, R Ward & Co, W Blackie, Dom Ex Co.

The fare for the round trip to Port Angeles is only 50 cents.

DIED.

BEYER—At St. Joseph's Hospital on 3rd instant, William Beyer, aged 62 years, a native of Berlin, Germany.

Funeral will leave E. of P. castle Hall, Broad street, on Thursday, the 5th instant, at 2:30 p.m. Friends are cordially invited.

BIRTH.

WEBER—On July 2nd, at 38 Humboldt St., the wife of Harry Weber of a son.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Capt Irving, H M Price, E. H. Fletcher, Jas Clark, Mrs Capt Rudlin, G L Courtney, R G Penn, D W Gillies, F V Austin, R Ackland, A L Ryals, J W Horne, G W Chenney, A Brownlee, D J Mason, W Mason, Mrs E H Fletcher, Miss Scott, J K Senkler, Mrs Johnson, L Wilkie, A Troupe, A G Fuller, Jas Sclater, A Robinson, J Harris, Hamilton Abbott, A Goldberg, Mrs Kirkpatrick, Miss Kirkpatrick, Master Kirkpatrick, F J Claxton, F Porter, A Gibson, J Ragan, H J Perry, W G Sparrow, A McDermott, Miss Thomas, Miss Stout, Jno Radick, Ed Stout.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Mrs Anderson, Miss A Anderson, Miss E Anderson, F B Moffat, R C Stevens, R Jamieson, Mrs Braggins, J F Martin, Mrs Martin, Miss Zabel, Mrs Snow, E Evans, O J Brenton, John Linklater, F Forest, R Camel, R Wesley, J W Patter, L Rothchild, W A Judson, Mrs Judson, H F Jackson, A C Jackson.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—A Sofe, E D Harris, Thos R Brown, H E Connon, R Ashbrewer, A Ashbrewer, G V Cuppage, R Wickens, A G Metzler, Eugene Horton, Wm Robinson, Miss Hitchie, M M Potter, W Carroll, A G Starr, E Anderson, E C Ryder, Miss Lombard, Miss Hamlin and sister, R Chevonth, Mrs Griffith, T Buckley, A Van Kotkenburg, J H Falconer, J Wilson, J E Lee, Mrs Col Landes.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J H Todd & Son, E B Marvin & Co, James Falconer, Okell & Morris, Major & Eldridge, B Van Volkenburg.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

"Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

Mother Urged Me

to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me. I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed Ayer's Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you!

Argyle House.

We are Clearing Out the Following Lines of Goods:

A lot of Ladies' Parasols at cost price.
Ladies' Belts at cost price.
Childrens' Stockings reduced from 25c., 20c., and 15c., to 10c. a pair.
Boy's heavy ribbed Cotton Stockings reduced from 25c. to 15c.
A lot of Ladies' Jerseys at cost price.
All our stock of single width Dress Goods at cost.
Ladies' Beaded Capes below cost.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

Ladies' Undervests 10c. each, Childrens' Undervests 10c. each.
Ladies' Corsets 50c. a pair.
White quilts 90c. each.
Curtain Net for long curtains, taped and scollaped, 7 yds. for $1.00.
Lace Curtains taped and scollaped 50c. a pair.
Toilet Covers, white and with colored border, 25c. each.
White Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Unbleached Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Heavy White Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Unbleached Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Canton Flannel, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Glass Cloth, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Crash Toweling, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Silecia Dress Lining, 3 yds. for 25c.
Table Linen, 20c. a yard.
Brooks' Sewing Cotton, best quality, 35c. a doz.
White Checked Muslin, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Black and Colored Cashmeres, 25c. a yd.

REMNANTS

Of Dress Goods, Ginghams, Prints, Embroideries, Ribbons, etc., cheaper than ever before.

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

Cash!

CHANCE IN BUSINESS.... FROM CREDIT TO CASH.

BIG DROP IN PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES

Call on us and SAVE MONEY on your GROCERIES.

JOHNS BROS., 261 DOUGLAS ST

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE

Meyer Master

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,

—FOR—

Naas River & Way Ports

Wednesday, July 4th.

At 8 o'clock p.m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C.

The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

June 25. JNO. IRVING, Manager.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry.

SPECIAL TRAINS will run on Wednesday Afternoon, 4th July, leaving Victoria at 2 o'clock for Wellington, and arrive from Wellington at 9 30.

Excursion tickets will be issued to all points good for 4th July only.

JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given to parties proposing to tender for supplying 300 tons (of 2240 lbs) of cast iron coated, plain waterpipe and three and one quarter tons of special casting to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, that the time for receiving tenders for such supply has been extended until the 24th day of July next, at 4 p.m.

By order of the Council.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C. June 30th 1894.

WEILER BROS.,

Are prepared to supply with all the requisite articles for the "Fruit Season."

Preserving Kettles.
Preserving Crocks.
Fruit Jars (all sizes). Jelly Glasses

ASK FOR MASON'S RELIABLE FRUIT JARS.

51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's.

EX WARRIMOO

Australian Imports.

Corned Ox Tongue.
Whole Pine Apples in Syrup.
Sliced Pine Apples in Syrup.
Pine Apple Jam.

Very Fine Goods. Prices reasonable.

Erskine, Wall & Co

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD, Nanaimo, B.C.

jo1-tf-d&w

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.

my28-4m

BY ORDER OF SHIPPERS.

To close consignments, a shipment of the following will be sold at a considerable reduction under cost: Kirker & Co.'s Belfast Ginger Ale in cases (10 doz.); Lime Fruit Juice Cordial, Raspberry Vinegar; Brown & Polson's Corn Flour.

Terms cash.

ROBT. WARD & CO., Ld. L'blty.

Victoria, B. C., June 1st, 1894. 1m

NOTICE.

Menzies street, from Superior to Michigan street, will be closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

June 16-tf

Reopening of Public Library and Reading Room.

The Public Library and Reading Room will be reopened on Wednesday next, the 4th day of July prox.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., June 27th, 1894.

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignment of Men's Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on former prices. Are suits for $20, $18 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

JOSEPH SEARS,

Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger

Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.

114 Yates Street.

Pendray's Soaps

STILL IN THE LEAD OF ALL THE GOODS IN THE SOAP LINE.

*****

Every Body . . . . . Uses Them.

BOLTE'S PATENT

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE, Y

30 Broad Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Sardinian	July 14
Allan Line, Numidian	July 21
Dominion Line, Vancouver	July 14
Dominion Line, Oregon	July 21
Beaver Line, Huron	July 11
Beaver Line, Ontario	July 18

From New York.

Cunard Line, Campania	July 14
Cunard Line, Servia	July 17
White Star Line, Majestic	July 11
White Star Line, Germanic	July 18
American Line, New York	July 11
American Line, Paris	July 18
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	July 17
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Ems	July 21
Anchor Line, Furnessia	July 14
Anchor Line, Anchoria	July 21
Allan State Line, Nebraska	July 20
Allan State Line, California	August 3

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $14 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria. Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office.

Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m